



Scheme of Studies

for BS Psychology

Fall 2023





BS Major in Psychology& Minor in Education

Objectives

This program serves as a basic foundation for higher education in Psychology. The program is designed on the HEC's recommended guidelines and comprises of 8 semesters. Students are offered diversified major and elective subjects to enable them to have a remarkable understanding of the vast applications of Psychology in their prospective professional lives. In addition, students are offered minor courses in Education as a complement to the Psychology major. The minor in Education will broaden the students' interdisciplinary skills, expand their knowledge, and teach them skills in a field distinct from psychology. This will in turn, enhance the students' marketability, boost their resume, and allow them to explore their interest in a different field.

Entry Requirements

Intermediate or Equivalent with minimum 45 % marks

NTS/University entrance testwith minimum Aggregate score of 50.

Duration of program

4-6 years (8-12 semesters)

Assessments Tools

Assessment of the students for each course (other than dissertation) in the BS Program will be carried out according to the following formula:

| Assessment | Marks |
|---|-------|
| Mid Term Exams | 25% |
| Final Term Exams | 50% |
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes ,Presentations, Attendance) | 25% |
| Total | 100 |

Key:

G = General Education Courses

I = Interdisciplinary/ Allied Courses

D = Disciplinary/ Major Courses

M = Minor Courses







Scheme of Studies

| Semester 1 | | |
|-------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| New course Codes Course Title | | Credit Hours |
| GER-1200 | Functional English (G) | 3 |
| GER-1300 | Quantitative Reasoning-I(G) | 3 |
| GER-2601 | Biology (G) (Natural Sciences) | 3 |
| PSY1201 | Schools & Perspectives in Psychology (D) | 3 |
| GER-2401 | Ideology & Constitution of Pakistan (G) | 2 |
| GER-1503 | Fundamentals of Psychology (G) (Social Sciences) | 2 |
| | Total | 16 |
| Semester 2 | | I |
| New course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours |
| GER-1201 | Expository Writing (G) | 3 |
| GER-1100 | Applications of Information & Communication Technology (G) | 3 |
| GER-1301 | Quantitative Reasoning-II(G) | 3 |
| PSY1202 | SY1202 Applied Areas of Psychology (D) | |
| PSY1203 | Theories of Personality (D) | 3 |
| GER-2400 | Islamic Studies (G) | 2 |
| | Total | 17 |
| Semester 3 | | |
| New course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours |
| GER-2714 | Fundamentals of Sociology (G) (Arts & Humanities) | 2 |
| PSY2204 | Abnormal Psychology (D) | |
| PSY2205 | Cognitive Psychology (D) 3 | |
| PSY2301 | Organizational Psychology (I) 3 | |
| PSY2206 | Y2206 Health Psychology (D) 3 | |





| GER-2800 | Entrepreneurship (G) | 2 |
|--------------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| | Total | 16 |
| Semester 4 | | - 1 |
| New course Codes Course Title | | Credit Hours |
| PSY2207 | Social Psychology (D) | 3 |
| PSY2208 | Ethical Issues in Psychology (D) | 3 |
| PSY2209 | Experimental Psychology + Lab Experiments (D) | 3 |
| PSY2210 | Positive Psychology (D) | 3 |
| PSY2211 | Fundamental Research Methods in Psychology (D) | 3 |
| GER-2402 | Civics & Community Engagement (G) | 2 |
| | Total | 17 |
| Semester 5 | | 1 |
| New course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours |
| PSY3212 | Psychological Assessment+ Practical (D) | 3 |
| PSY3213 | Advanced Research Methods in Psychology (D) | 3 |
| PSY3214 | Statistics in Psychology (D) | 3 |
| PSY3215 Developmental Psychology (D) | | 3 |
| PSY3216 | Psychopathology-I (D) | 3 |
| PSY3302 | Personal and Professional Development (I) | 3 |
| | Total | 18 |
| Semester 6 | | l |
| New course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours |
| PSY3217 | Psychopathology-II(D) | 3 |
| PSY3303 | Environmental Psychology (I) | 3 |
| PSY3218 | Neurological basis of Behavior (D) | 3 |
| PSY3304 | Human Resource Management (I) | |
| PSY3219 Data Analysis using SPSS (D) | | 3 |
| PSY3401 | Teaching & Learning Skills (M) | 3 |
| | Total | 18 |







| Semester 7 | | | |
|------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| New Course Codes | New Course Codes Course Title | | |
| PSY4220 | Gender Psychology (D) | 3 | |
| PSY4221 | Clinical Psychology-I (D) | 3 | |
| PSY4222 | Guidance and Counseling (D) | 3 | |
| PSY4501 | Clinical Case Studies | 3 | |
| PSY4402 | Educational Technology (M) | 3 | |
| | Total | 15 | |
| Semester 8 | | | |
| New course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours | |
| PSY4223 | Forensic Psychology (D) | 3 | |
| PSY4224 | Clinical Psychology-II (D) | 3 | |
| PSY5601 | Research Thesis | 3 | |
| PSY4403 | Educational Psychology (M) | 3 | |
| PSY4404 | Education for Students with Special Needs (M) | 3 | |
| | Total | 15 | |
| | Grand Total Credit Hours (120 +) | 132 | |







Elective Disciplinary Courses: Psychology

| New Course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours |
|-------------------------|--|--------------|
| PSY4225 | Adolescent Behavioral Problems | 3 |
| PSY4226 | Child & Maternal Mental Health | 3 |
| PSY4227 | Introduction to Geriatric Psychology | 3 |
| PSY4228 | Therapeutic Interventions | 3 |
| PSY4229 | Community Based Rehabilitation | 3 |
| PSY4230 | Application of Psychological First Aid | 3 |
| PSY4231 | Stress and Conflict Management | 3 |
| PSY4232 | Islamic Perspective on Psychology | 3 |

Elective Interdisciplinary Courses: Psychology

| New Course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| PSY3305 | Fundamentals of Psycholinguistics | 3 |
| PSY3306 | Fundamentals of Biochemistry | 3 |
| PSY3307 | Media Psychology | 3 |
| PSY3308 | Intro to Mass Communication | 3 |
| PSY3309 | Introduction to Public Health | 3 |
| PSY3310 | Cross cultural Psychology | 3 |
| PSY3311 | Psychology of Tourism | 3 |
| | | |

Elective Minor Courses: Education

| New Course Codes | Course Title | Credit Hours |
|------------------|----------------------------|--------------|
| PSY4405 | School Based Interventions | 3 |
| PSY4406 | Classroom Management | 3 |
| PSY4407 | Career Counseling | 3 |



BS PSYCHOLOGY

Course Outlines

Effective from Fall 2023

FUNCTIONAL ENGLISH

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits: 03 Pre-Requisite: Nil

Offering: Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement: 1 - 3 Semesters
Type: General Education

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to equip students with essential language skills for effective communication in diverse real-world scenarios. It focuses on developing proficiency in English language usage: word choices, grammar and sentence structure. In addition, the course will enable students to grasp nuanced messages and tailor their communication effectively through application of comprehension and analytical skills in listening and reading. Moreover, the course encompasses a range of practical communication aspects including professional writing, public speaking, and everyday conversation, ensuring that students are equipped for both academic and professional spheres. An integral part of the course is fostering a deeper understanding of the impact of language on diverse audiences. Students will learn to communicate inclusively and display a strong commitment to cultural awareness in their language use. Additionally, the course will enable them to navigate the globalized world with ease and efficacy, making a positive impact in their functional interactions.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Apply enhanced English communication skills through effective use of word choices, grammar and sentence structure.
- 2. Comprehend a variety of literary / non-literary written and spoken texts in English.
- 3. Effectively express information, ideas and opinions in written and spoken English.
- Recognize inter-cultural variations in the use of English language and to effectively adapt their communication style and content based on diverse cultural and social contexts.

SYLLABUS

1. Foundations of Functional English:

- Vocabulary building (contextual usage, synonyms, antonyms and idiomatic expressions)
- Communicative grammar (subject-verb-agreement, verb tenses, fragments, run-ons, modifiers, articles, word classes, etc.)
- Word formation (affixation, compounding, clipping, back formation, etc.)
- Sentence structure (simple, compound, complex and compound-complex)
- Sound production and pronunciation

2. Comprehension and Analysis:

- · Understanding purpose, audience and context
- · Contextual interpretation (tones, biases, stereotypes, assumptions, inferences, etc.)
- Reading strategies (skimming, scanning, SQ4R, critical reading, etc.)
- Active listening (overcoming listening barriers, focused listening, etc.)

3. Effective Communication:

- Principles of communication (clarity, coherence, conciseness, courteousness, correctness, etc.)
- Structuring documents (introduction, body, conclusion and formatting)

- Inclusivity in communication (gender-neutral language, stereotypes, cross-cultural communication, etc.)
- Public speaking (overcoming stage fright, voice modulation and body language)
- Presentation skills (organization content, visual aids and engaging the audience)
- Informal communication (small talk, networking and conversational skills)
- Professional writing (business e-mails, memos, reports, formal letters, etc.)

PRACTICAL REQUIREMENT

As part of the overall learning requirements, students will also be exposed to relevant simulations, roleplays and real-life scenarios and will be required to apply skills acquired throughout the course in the form of a final project.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS

- 1. "Understanding and Using English Grammar" by Betty Schrampfer Azar.
- 2. "English Grammar in Use" by Raymond Murphy.
- 3. "The Blue Book of Grammar and Punctuation" by Jane Straus.
- "English for Specific Purposes: A Learning-Centered Approach" by Tom Hutchinson and Alan Waters.
- 5. "Cambridge English for Job-hunting" by Colm Downes.
- 6. "Practical English Usage" by Michael Swan.
- 7. "Reading Literature and Writing Argument" by Missy James and Alan P. Merickel.
- 8. "Improving Reading: Strategies, Resources, and Common Core Connections" by Jerry Johns and Susan Lenski.
- 9. "Comprehension: A Paradigm for Cognition" by Walter Kintsch.
- 10. "Communication Skills for Business Professionals" by J.P. Verma and Meenakshi Raman.

QUANTITATIVE REASONING (I)

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits: 03 Pre-Requisite: Nil

Offering: Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement: 1 - 4 Semesters Type: Mandatory

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

Quantitative Reasoning (I) is an introductory-level undergraduate course that focuses on the fundamentals related to the quantitative concepts and analysis. The course is designed to familiarize students with the basic concepts of mathematics and statistics and to develop students' abilities to analyze and interpret quantitative information. Through a combination of theoretical concepts and practical exercises, this course will also enable students cultivate their quantitative literacy and problem-solving skills while effectively expanding their academic horizon and breadth of knowledge of their specific major / field of study.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students shall have:

- 1. Fundamental numerical literacy to enable them work with numbers, understand their meaning and present data accurately;
- 2. Understanding of fundamental mathematical and statistical concepts;
- 3. Basic ability to interpret data presented in various formats including but not limited to tables, graphs, charts, and equations etc.

SYLLABUS

1. Numerical Literacy

- Number system and basic arithmetic operations;
- Units and their conversions, dimensions, area, perimeter and volume;
- Rates, ratios, proportions and percentages;
- · Types and sources of data;
- · Measurement scales;
- Tabular and graphical presentation of data;
- Quantitative reasoning exercises using number knowledge.

2. Fundamental Mathematical Concepts

- Basics of geometry (lines, angles, circles, polygons etc.);
- · Sets and their operations;
- Relations, functions, and their graphs;
- Exponents, factoring and simplifying algebraic expressions;
- Algebraic and graphical solutions of linear and quadratic equations and inequalities;
- Quantitative reasoning exercises using fundamental mathematical concepts.

3. Fundamental Statistical Concepts

- Population and sample;
- Measures of central tendency, dispersion and data interpretation;
- Rules of counting (multiplicative, permutation and combination);
- Basic probability theory;
- Introduction to random variables and their probability distributions;
- Quantitative reasoning exercises using fundamental statistical concepts.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS

- 1. "Quantitative Reasoning: Tools for Today's Informed Citizen" by Bernard L. Madison, Lynn and Arthur Steen.
- "Quantitative Reasoning for the Information Age" by Bernard L. Madison and David M. Bressoud.
- 3. "Fundamentals of Mathematics" by Wade Ellis.
- 4. "Quantitative Reasoning: Thinking in Numbers" by Eric Zaslow.
- 5. "Thinking Clearly with Data: A Guide to Quantitative Reasoning and Analysis" by Ethan Bueno de Mesquita and Anthony Fowler.
- 6. "Using and Understanding Mathematics: A Quantitative Reasoning Approach" by Bennett, J. O., Briggs, W. L., & Badalamenti, A.
- 7. "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications" by Kenneth H. Rosen.
- 8. "Statistics for Technology: A Course in Applied Statistics" by Chatfield, C.
- 9. "Statistics: Unlocking the Power of Data" by Robin H. Lock, Patti Frazer Lock, Kari Lock Morgan, and Eric F. Lock.

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Course Title: Biology
Semester: 1st
Credit Hours: 03

Instructor Name:

Course Objectives

1. To make students understand the relation between biology and psychology

- 2. To help students learn the basics of genetics and evolutionary studies
- 3. To enlighten the student's ability of critical thinking that make them realize the importance of biology in shaping behaviors
- 4. To make students learn the underlying root causes of genetic variations and their effect on individuals
- 5. To make students aware of changing technologies in science and the responsibilities and ethical decisions that come with the use of various technologies.

Course outcomes

- 1. Students will develop an understanding of basic knowledge about genetics and evolution
- 2. They will be able to learn about genetic variations and their impact on human psychology
- 3. Study of evolutionary patterns will develop understanding about speciation and their properties
- 4. Applied knowledge of genetic engineering will incorporate the concept of genetic manipulations and their importance

WORK PLAN

| WEEK | TOPIC | QUIZ/ ASSIGNMENTS/PRESENTATION |
|---------|---|--|
| Week 1 | Introduction to genetics | |
| Week 2 | Structure of chromosomes and DNA | |
| Week 3 | DNA replication | |
| Week 4 | Cell cycle, checkpoints and regulatory proteins | |
| Week 5 | Meiosis and Central dogma of life | Presentation 1 (meiosis) |
| Week 6 | Transcription and Translation | |
| Week 7 | Mendelian genetics | |
| Week 8 | Non- mendelian genetics | Assignment 1 (genetic diseases and inheritance patterns) |
| Week 9 | Mid Term Exams | |
| Week 10 | Mutations | Assignment 2 (role of biology in psychological studies) |

| Week 11 | Introduction to evolution and Lamarkism | |
|---------|---|--|
| Week 12 | Darwinism | |
| Week 13 | Evidences and types of evolution | Final project (assignment 3+ presentation 4) (Applications of genetic engineering) |
| Week 14 | Population genetics | |
| Week 15 | Genetic engineering and its applications | |
| Week 16 | Classification and taxonomy | |
| Week 17 | Major features of different classified groups | |
| Week 18 | Final Term Exams | |

References (Books/ Research Articles)

Hartl, D., & Jones, E. (2001). Introduction to molecular genetics and genomics. *Genetics: analysis of genes and genomes, 5th edn. Jones & Bartlett, Mississauga, ON, Canada*, 1-35.

IDEOLOGY AND CONSTITUTION OF PAKISTAN

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

02 Credits: Pre-Requisite: Nil

Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees) Offering:

Placement: 1 - 4 Semesters General Education Type:

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to provide students with a fundamental exploration of the ideology and the constitution of Pakistan. The course focuses on the underlying principles, beliefs, and aspirations that have been instrumental in shaping the creation and development of Pakistan as a sovereign state. Moreover, the course will enable students to understand the core provisions of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan concerning the fundamental rights and responsibilities of Pakistani citizens to enable them function in a socially responsible manner.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate enhanced knowledge of the basis of the ideology of Pakistan with special reference to the contributions of the founding fathers of Pakistan.
- 2. Demonstrate fundamental knowledge about the Constitution of Pakistan 1973 and its evolution with special reference to state structure.
- 3. Explain about the guiding principles on rights and responsibilities of Pakistani citizens as enshrined in the Constitution of Pakistan 1973.

SYLLABUS

1. Introduction to the Ideology of Pakistan:

- Definition and significance of ideology.
- Historical context of the creation of Pakistan (with emphasis on socio-political, religious, and cultural dynamics of British India between 1857 till 1947).
- Contributions of founding fathers of Pakistan in the freedom movement including but not limited to Allama Muhammad Iqbal, Muhammad Ali Jinnah., etc.
- Contributions of women and students in the freedom movement for separate homeland for Muslims of British India.

2. Two-Nation Theory:

- Evolution of the Two-Nation Theory (Urdu-Hindi controversy, Partition of Bengal, Simla Deputation 1906, Allama Iqbal's Presidential Address 1930, Congress Ministries 1937 Lahore Resolution 1940).
- Role of communalism and religious differences.

3. Introduction to the Constitution of Pakistan:

- Definition and importance of a constitution.
- Ideological factors that shaped the Constitution(s) of Pakistan (Objectives Resolution
- Overview of constitutional developments in Pakistan.

4. Constitution and State Structure:

- Structure of Government (executive, legislature, and judiciary).
- Distribution of powers between federal and provincial governments.
- 18th Amendment and its impact on federalism.

5. Fundamental Rights, Principles of Policy and Responsibilities:

- Overview of fundamental rights guaranteed to citizens by the Constitution of Pakistan 1973 (Articles 8-28).
- Overview of Principles of Policy (Articles 29-40).
- Responsibilities of the Pakistani citizens (Article 5).

6. Constitutional Amendments:

- Procedures for amending the Constitution.
- Notable constitutional amendments and their implications.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS

- 1. "The Idea of Pakistan" by Stephen P. Cohen.
- 2. "Ideology of Pakistan" by Javed Iqbal.
- 3. "The Struggle for Pakistan" by I.H. Qureshi.
- 4. "Pakistan the Formative Phase" by Khalid Bin Sayeed.
- 5. "Pakistan: Political Roots and Development" by Safdar Mahmood.
- 6. "Ideology of Pakistan" by Sharif-ul-Mujahid.
- 7. "The Struggle for Pakistan: A Muslim Homeland and Global Politics" by Ayesha Jalal.
- 8. "Jinnah, Pakistan and Islamic Identity: The Search for Saladin" by Akbar S. Ahmed.
- 9. "The Making of Pakistan: A Study in Nationalism" by K.K. Aziz.
- 10. "Pakistan: Λ New History" by Ian Talbot.
- 11. "Pakistan in the Twentieth Century: A Political History" by Lawrence Ziring.
- 12. "The Constitution of Pakistan 1973". Original.
- 13. "Constitutional and Political Development of Pakistan" by Hamid Khan.
- 14. "The Parliament of Pakistan" by Mahboob Hussain.
- 15. "Constitutional Development in Pakistan" by G.W. Choudhury.
- 16. "Constitution-Making in Pakistan: The Dynamics of Political Order" by G.W. Choudhury.

Course Title: Schools and Perspective in Psychology Course Code: PSY1201

Credit Hours: 03 Semester: 1st

Instructor:

Course Description

A psychological perspective is a school of thought or a philosophy which would guide someone's interpretation of an individual's behavior

Course Objectives

The main objective of this course is to:

- Familiarize the students with history and foundations of psychology and also to familiarize them with different perspectives in Psychology.
- Provide students a comprehensive understanding of theoretical basis of human behavior i.e. basic concepts and application of major perspectives: Psychodynamic, Behavioristic, Cognitive, Humanistic, Existential, Gestalt and Islamic.

Learning Outcomes

At the completion of this course the students will be able to:

- Understand the basic concepts and application of different perspectives enabling them better understand explanation of human behavior as proposed by different perspectives.
- Apply theoretical knowledge about human behavior in the context of general and in their area of specialization in particular.
- Apply theoretical framework in their research projects

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Schools of | Brief history of psychology | |
| | Psychology | Structuralism | |
| Week 2 | | Functionalism | |
| | | Greek contribution | |
| Week 3 | Introduction to | Major assumptions, major contributors | |
| | Perspectives | and basic concepts | |
| Week 4 | Biological | Heredity | Quiz 1 |
| | Perspective | Genes and chromosomes | |
| | | Endocrine glands | |
| Week 5 | Psychodynamic | Classical psychoanalysis | |
| | Perspective | Neo-Freudians | |
| Week 6 | Behavioristic | Classical conditioning | |
| | Perspective | Operant conditioning | Quiz 2 |

| Week 7 | | Social learning | |
|---------|----------------------------|--|----------------|
| Week 8 | Cognitive | Cognitive perspective by Aron Beck | |
| | Perspective | Cognitive perspective by Albert Ellis | Quiz 3 |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | | Cognitive perspective of appraisal and | |
| | | coping | |
| | | Cognitive behavioral model | |
| Week 11 | Humanistic | Abraham Maslow | |
| | perspective | Carl Rogers | |
| Week 12 | Existential | Thomas Szaz | |
| | Perspective | Victor Frankel | |
| Week 13 | Gestalt Perspective | Fritz Perls | Presentations/ |
| | | | Assignment |
| Week 14 | Socio-Cultural | Socio-Cultural Perspective | |
| | Perspective | | |
| Week 15 | Islamic Perspective | Ibn Sina | |
| | in the light of | Ashraf Ali Thanvi | |
| | teachings of Quran | | |
| | & Sunnah | | |
| Week 16 | | Al-Ghazali | |
| Week 17 | Current Trends | Modern perspectives in Psychology | |
| Week 18 | Final Term | | |

Marks Distribution:

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

• Brennan, F. J. (2003). History and system of psychology.USA: Prentice Hall.

- Campo, J. E. (2009). Encyclopedia of Islam. USA: Info base Publishing
- Hergenhahn, B. R. (2008). An Introduction to the history of psychology.(5th ed.). UK: Cengage Learning
- Leahy, T. A. (1998). History of modern psychology. (2nd ed.). New Jersey: Prentice Hall
- Pervin, L.A. (2003). The science of personality. (2nd ed.). UK: Oxford University press.
- Schultz, D.P. & Schultz, S. E. (2007). A history of modern psychology. Orlando, USA: Harcourt Brace College press.
- Sharif, M. M. (1983). A history of Muslim philosophy. Germany: Alinger Hcmalrerlag, New York: Harcourt Press.
- Tavris, C. & Wade, C. (2001). Psychology in perspective. (3rd ed.). USA: Prentice Hall
- Ymey, W. & King, D. B. (2003). A history of psychology: Ideas and context (3rded.). Boston: Harcourt Press.

Course Title: Fundamentals of Psychology Course Code: GER-1503

Credit Hours: 2 Semester: I

Instructor:

Course Objectives

The main aim is to familiarize students with history, main concepts, methods, and theoretical frameworks in psychology. This course will help students appreciate the human nature and its related concepts, thereby will gain insight into human behavior and human relationships.

Course Outcome

After successful completion of this course the students will be able to:

- 1. Have a grasp over basic concepts and theoretical perspectives explaining human behavior. They will be able to appreciate the complexity of human behavior and relationships.
- 2. They will be able to understand Psychology as science and empirical methods used for understanding different aspects of human behavior.

Course Content

| Sr.No | Week | Торіс | Remarks |
|-------|----------------|--|---------|
| | | Understanding Psychology | |
| 1 | One&Two | Psychology: Scientific perspective Historical perspective Schools of psychology Methods of psychology Ethical issues Fields of psychology and their application | |
| | | Biological Basis of Behavior and Sensation | |
| 2 | Three& Four | Neuron and its function Central nervous system Peripheral nervous system Endocrine system | |

| | | Senses: Vision, audition, smell, taste and | | | |
|---|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | kinesthetic | | | |
| | | Perception and Memory | | | |
| 3 | Five &Six | Introduction to perception | | | |
| | | Gestalt principles | | | |
| | | Binocular and monocular cues | | | |
| | | Illusions and extra sensory perception | | | |
| | | Definition and types of memory | | | |
| | | Processes and techniques of improving memory | | | |
| | | Forgetting: Nature and causes | | | |
| | | Learning | | | |
| 4 | Seven | Definition of learning | | | |
| | | • Types of learning: Classical and operant | | | |
| | | conditioning | | | |
| | | Punishment and its effects | | | |
| | | Latent and observational learning | | | |
| 5 | Eight | | | | |
| | | MID TERM EXAM | | | |
| | | Personality | | | |
| 6 | Nine & | Defining personality | | | |
| | Ten | Theories of personality | | | |
| | | Personality assessment | | | |
| | | Cognition and Language | | | |
| 7 | Eleven& Twelve | Concept of cognition | | | |

| | | Problem solving |
|----|------------|--------------------------------------|
| | | Judgment and decision making |
| | | Language development |
| | | Language and cognition |
| | | Language and culture |
| | | |
| | | Intelligence and Creativity |
| 9 | Thirteen | Concept of intelligence |
| | & Fourteen | Theories of intelligence |
| | | Assessment of intelligence |
| | | Mental retardation |
| | | Concept of creativity and its stages |
| | | |
| | | Motivation and Emotion |
| 10 | Fifteen & | Introduction to motivation |
| | Sixteen | Factors affecting motivation |
| | | Introduction to emotions |
| | | Types of emotions |
| | | Physiology and emotion |
| | | Theories of emotion |
| | | |
| | | Social Thinking and Social Influence |
| 11 | Seventeen | Social facilitation |
| | | Attribution theory |
| | | Crowd behavior |
| | | Conformity, Obedience |
| | | Helping behavior |
| | | |

| 12 | Eighteen | FINAL TERM EXAM | |
|----|----------|-----------------|--|

Assessment criteria and Marks Distribution

Mid-Term: 25% (total marks = 25) Final-Term: 50% (total marks = 50)

Sessional (assignments, project and presentation): 25% (total marks = 25)

Recommended Books

Atkinson R. C., & Smith, E. E. (2000). *Introduction to psychology* (13th ed.). NY: Harcourt Brace College Publishers.

Coon, D., &Mutterer, J. (2008). *Introduction to psychology: Gateways to mind and behavior* (12th ed.). USA: Wadsworth Cengage Learning.

Fernald, L. D., & Fernald, P.S (2005). Introduction to psychology. USA; WMC Brown

EXPOSITORY WRITING

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits: 03

Pre-Requisite: Functional English

Offering: Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement: 2 - 4 Semesters
Type: General Education

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

Expository Writing is a sequential undergraduate course aimed at refining writing skills in various contexts. Building upon the foundation of the pre-requisite course, Functional English, this course will enhance students' abilities of producing clear, concise and coherent written texts in English. The course will also enable students to dissect intricate ideas, to amalgamate information and to express their views and opinions through well-organized essays. The students will further be able to refine their analytical skills to substantiate their viewpoints using credible sources while adhering to established ethical writing norms. Additionally, the course will highlight the significance of critical thinking enabling students to produce original and engaging written texts.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Understand the essentials of the writing process integrating pre-writing, drafting, editing and proof reading to produce well-structured essays.
- 2. Demonstrate mastery of diverse expository types to address different purposes and audiences.
- 3. Uphold ethical practices to maintain originality in expository writing.

SYLLABUS

1. Introduction to Expository Writing:

- Understanding expository writing (definition, types, purpose and applications)
- Characteristics of effective expository writing (clarity, coherence and organization)
- · Introduction to paragraph writing

2. The Writing Process:

- Pre-writing techniques (brainstorming, free-writing, mind-mapping, listing, questioning and outlining etc.)
- Drafting (three stage process of drafting techniques)
- Revising and editing (ensuring correct grammar, clarity, coherence, conciseness etc.)
- Proof reading (fine-tuning of the draft)
- Peer review and feedback (providing and receiving critique)

3. Essay Organization and Structure:

- Introduction and hook (engaging readers and introducing the topic)
- Thesis statement (crafting a clear and focused central idea)
- Body Paragraphs (topic sentences, supporting evidence and transitional devices)
- Conclusion (types of concluding paragraphs and leaving an impact)
- Ensuring cohesion and coherence (creating seamless connections between paragraphs)

4. Different Types of Expository Writing:

Description

dample I

- Illustration
- Classification
- Cause and effect (exploring causal relationships and outcomes)
- Process analysis (explaining step-by-step procedures)
- Comparative analysis (analyzing similarities and differences)

5. Writing for Specific Purposes and Audiences:

- Different types of purposes (to inform, to analyze, to persuade, to entertain etc.)
- Writing for academic audiences (formality, objectivity, and academic conventions)
- Writing for public audiences (engaging, informative and persuasive language)
- Different tones and styles for specific purposes and audiences

6. Ethical Considerations:

- Ensuring original writing (finding credible sources, evaluating information etc.)
- Proper citation and referencing (APA, MLA, or other citation styles)
- Integrating quotes and evidences (quoting, paraphrasing, and summarizing)
- Avoiding plagiarism (ethical considerations and best practices)

PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS AND CAPSTONE PROJECT

As part of the overall learning requirements, students will be required to build a writing portfolio having a variety of expository texts and present the same at the end of the course showcasing proficiency in expository writing.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS

- 1. "The St. Martin's Guide to Writing" by Rise B. Axelrod and Charles R. Cooper.
- 2. "They Say / I Say: The Moves That Matter in Academic Writing" by Gerald Graff and Cathy Birkenstein.
- 3. "Writing Analytically" by David Rosenwasser and Jill Stephen.
- 4. "Style: Lessons in Clarity and Grace" by Joseph M. Williams and Joseph Bizup.
- 5. "The Elements of Style" by William Strunk Jr. and E.B. White.
- 6. "Good Reasons with Contemporary Arguments" by Lester Faigley and Jack Selzer.
- "Writing to Learn: How to Write and Think Clearly About Any Subject at All" by William Zinsser.
- 8. "The Norton Field Guide to Writing" by Richard Bullock, Maureen Daly Goggin, and Francine Weinberg.
- 9. "The Art of Styling Sentences" by Ann Longknife and K.D. Sullivan.
- 10. "Writing Today" by Richard Johnson-Sheehan and Charles Paine.

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APPLICATIONS OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits: 03 (Class Credits: 02; Lab Credits: 01)

Pre-Requisite: Nil

Offering: Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement: 1 - 4 Semesters
Type: General Education

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to provide students with an exploration of the practical applications of Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) and software tools in various domains. Students will gain hands-on experience with a range of software applications, learning how to leverage ICT to solve daily life problems, enhance productivity and innovate in different fields. Through individual and interactive exercises and discussions, students will develop proficiency in utilizing software for communication, creativity, and more.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- Explain the fundamental concepts, components, and scope of Information and Communication Technologies (ICT).
- 2. Identify uses of various ICT platforms and tools for different purposes.
- Apply ICT platforms and tools for different purposes to address basic needs in different domains of daily, academic, and professional life.
- 4. Understand the ethical and legal considerations in use of ICT platforms and tools.

SYLLABUS

1. Introduction to Information and Communication Technologies:

- Components of Information and Communication Technologies (basics of hardware, software, ICT platforms, networks, local and cloud data storage etc.).
- Scope of Information and Communication Technologies (use of ICT in education, business, governance, healthcare, digital media and entertainment, etc.).
- Emerging technologies and future trends.

2. Basic ICT Productivity Tools:

- Effective use of popular search engines (e.g., Google, Bing, etc.) to explore World Wide
- Formal communication tools and etiquettes (Gmail, Microsoft Outlook, etc.).
- · Microsoft Office Suites (Word, Excel, PowerPoint).
- · Google Workspace (Google Docs, Sheets, Slides).
- Dropbox (Cloud storage and file sharing), Google Drive (Cloud storage with Google Docs integration) and Microsoft OneDrive (Cloud storage with Microsoft Office integration).
- Evernote (Note-taking and organization applications) and OneNote (Microsoft's digital notebook for capturing and organizing ideas).
- Video conferencing (Google Meet, Microsoft Teams, Zoom, etc.).
- Social media applications (LinkedIn, Facebook, Instagram, etc.).

3. ICT in Education:

- · Working with learning management systems (Moodle, Canvas, Google Classrooms, etc.).
- Sources of online education courses (Coursera, edX, Udemy, Khan Academy, etc.).
- Interactive multimedia and virtual classrooms.





4. ICT in Health and Well-being:

- Health and fitness tracking devices and applications (Google Fit, Samsung Health, Apple Health, Xiaomi Mi Band, Runkeeper, etc.).
- Telemedicine and online health consultations (OLADOC, Sehat Kahani, Marham, etc.).

5. ICT in Personal Finance and Shopping:

- Online banking and financial management tools (JazzCash, Easypaisa, Zong PayMax, 1LINK and MNET, Keenu Wallet, etc.).
- E-commerce platforms (Daraz.pk, Telemart, Shophive, etc.)

6. Digital Citizenship and Online Etiquette:

- · Digital identity and online reputation.
- Netiquette and respectful online communication.
- · Cyberbullying and online harassment.

7. Ethical Considerations in Use of ICT Platforms and Tools:

- · Intellectual property and copyright issues.
- Ensuring originality in content creation by avoiding plagiarism and unauthorized use of information sources.
- Content accuracy and integrity (ensuring that the content shared through ICT platforms is free from misinformation, fake news, and manipulation).

PRACTICAL REQUIREMENTS -

As part of the overall learning requirements, the course will include:

- Guided tutorials and exercises to ensure that students are proficient in commonly used software
 applications such as word processing software (e.g., Microsoft Word), presentation software
 (e.g., Microsoft PowerPoint), spreadsheet software (e.g., Microsoft Excel) among such other
 tools. Students may be assigned practical tasks that require them to create documents,
 presentations, and spreadsheets etc.
- 2. Assigning of tasks that involve creating, managing, and organizing files and folders on both local and cloud storage systems. Students will practice file naming conventions, creating directories, and using cloud storage solutions (e.g., Google Drive, OneDrive).
- 3. The use of online learning management systems (LMS) where students can access course materials, submit assignments, participate in discussion forums, and take quizzes or tests. This will provide students with the practical experience with online platforms commonly used in education and the workplace.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS -

- 1. "Discovering Computers" by Vermaat, Shaffer, and Freund.
- 2. "GO! with Microsoft Office" Series by Gaskin, Vargas, and McLellan.
- 3. "Exploring Microsoft Office" Series by Grauer and Poatsy.
- 4. "Computing Essentials" by Morley and Parker.
- 5. "Technology in Action" by Evans, Martin, and Poatsy.

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QUANTITATIVE REASONING (II)

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits: 03

Pre-Requisite: Quantitative Reasoning (I)

Offering: Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement: 2 - 4 Semesters Type: Mandatory

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

Quantitative Reasoning (II) is a sequential undergraduate course that focuses on logical reasoning supported with mathematical and statistical concepts and modeling / analysis techniques to equip students with analytical skills and critical thinking abilities necessary to navigate the complexities of the modern world. The course is designed to familiarize students with the quantitative concepts and techniques required to interpret and analyze numerical data and to inculcate an ability in students the logical reasoning to construct and evaluate arguments, identify fallacies, and think systematically. Keeping the pre-requisite course of Quantitative Reasoning (I) as its base, this course will enable students further their quantitative, logical and critical reasoning abilities to complement their specific major / field of study.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students shall have:

- 1. Understanding of logic and logical reasoning;
- 2. Understanding of basic quantitative modeling and analyses;
- Logical reasoning skills and abilities to apply them to solve quantitative problems and evaluate arguments;
- Ability to critically evaluate quantitative information to make evidence based decisions through appropriate computational tools.

SYLLABUS

1. Logic, Logical and Critical Reasoning

- Introduction and importance of logic;
- · Inductive, deductive and abductive approaches of reasoning;
- Propositions, arguments (valid; invalid), logical connectives, truth tables and propositional equivalences;
- Logical fallacies;
- · Venn Diagrams;
- · Predicates and quantifiers;
- Quantitative reasoning exercises using logical reasoning concepts and techniques.

2. Mathematical Modeling and Analyses

- · Introduction to deterministic models;
- · Use of linear functions for modeling in real-world situations;
- · Modeling with the system of linear equations and their solutions;
- Elementary introduction to derivatives in mathematical modeling;
- · Linear and exponential growth and decay models;
- · Quantitative reasoning exercises using mathematical modeling.

3. Statistical Modeling and Analyses

- Introduction to probabilistic models;
- · Bivariate analysis, scatter plots;

- Simple linear regression model and correlation analysis;
- Basics of estimation and confidence interval;
- Testing of hypothesis (z-test; t-test);
- Statistical inference in decision making;
- Quantitative reasoning exercises using statistical modeling.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS

- 1. "Using and Understanding Mathematics: A Quantitative Reasoning Approach" by Bennett, J. O., Briggs, W. L., & Badalamenti, A.
- "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications" by Kenneth H. Rosen.
- "Discrete Mathematics with Applications" by Susanna S. Epp.
 "Applied Mathematics for Business, Economics and Social Sciences" by Frank S Budnick.
- 5. "Elementary Statistics: A Step by Step Approach" by Allan Bluman.
- 6. "Introductory Statistics" by Prem S. Mann.7. "Applied Statistical Modeling" by Salvatore Babones.
 - 8. "Barrons SAT" by Sharvon Weiner Green, M.A and Ira K.Wolf.

Course Title: Applied areas of psychology Course Code: PSY1202

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 2

Instructor:.

<u>Course description</u>: The purpose of the course is to facilitate understanding of the personal as an integrated physiological ,social and psychological organism .This course applies concepts from these three areas in order to assist students to be successful in university ,the world of work and throughout life .

Course Objectives:. Realistic and precise and achievable course objectives

Learning Outcomes: To enable students to identify their strength and weakness. Help students how socially interact with other communicate effectively.

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Introduction to applied | Definition of psychology and | |
| | psychology | scope of psychology | |
| Week 2 | Clinical psychology | Aims and scope of clinical | |
| | | psychology ,Role of clinical | |
| | | psychologist and perspective in | |
| | | clinical psychology | |
| Week 3 | Counseling | History of clinical psychology | Quiz 1 |
| | psychology | ,methods of assessment and | |
| | | intervention of counselling | |
| | | psychology | |
| | | Aims and scope ,role of | Assignment 1 |
| | psychology | industrial psychologist | |
| | | Brief history of industrial | |
| | | psychology | |
| Week 5 | Developmental | Brief introduction of | |
| | psychology | development psychology and | |
| | | perspective of developmental | |
| | | psychology | |
| Week 6 | Health psychology | Main goals of psychology | |
| | | assessment and intervention of | Quiz 2 |

| | | health psychology | |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------|
| Week 7 | Social psychology | Introduction of social psychology .Group types Types of attitudes and characteristics of attitude | |
| Week 8 | Forensic psychology | Aims and scope of forensic psychology origin of forensic psychology | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Emerging areas in psychology | Positive psychology Basic assumptions, origin and historical antecedents | |
| Week 11 | Environmental psychology | Eco psychology , behavior setting and eco psychology | Assignment 2 |
| Week 12 | School and educational psychology | Introduction of educational psychology ,role of educational psychologist | |
| Week 13 | Stress management | Types of stress management and techniques of stress management | Final Project |
| Week 14 | Anger management | Difference between anger and aggression and techniques of anger management | Presentations |
| Week 15 | Problem solving and leadership styles | Description of leadership style and steps of problem solving | Presentations |
| Week 16 | Social development theory | Stages of social development theory | |
| Week 17 | Revision | Revision | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | |

Marks Distribution:

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |

| Mid Term | 25 |
|-------------|-----|
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books
Applied psychology by sarfraz Ahmed meyo

Course Title: Theories of Personality

Course Code: PSY1203

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 2

Instructor:

Course Description

The course will involve an introduction to the most important theories on personality to date. The existence of a variety of viewpoints indicates that there is no clear and integrated theory that dominates the field. However, each of these theories can be evaluated according to conventional scientific criteria, because all of them claim to be scientific in nature. Therefore, besides giving you an appreciation of the ways in which theorists have conceptualized human personality, the major objective of the course is to place you in a position to evaluate these theories and to decide which ones have merit and are worthy of continuing scientific investigations. Presentation of the material will be via lectures and assigned readings, as well as online discussions.

Course Objectives

This course will introduce you to the major theories of personality, which attempt to explain behavior across the full range of life situations. You will learn about research methods in personality psychology, empirical studies that have been conducted to test the theories, and a set of scientific criteria that can be used to assess the current status of each theory. After completing this course, you will be able to identify the constructs of these major personality theories, describe how they may be applied to understand behavior, and critically evaluate each theory on the basis of scientific criteria.

Learning Outcomes

1. Describe and identify concepts and facts for each major theoretical perspective and for the theories that constitute each perspective. a. Describe the historical and cultural context of each personality theory. b. Describe the contributions of heredity and environment to personality development. c. Describe the bases for behavior posited by theories from each major perspective: psychoanalytic, neoanalytic, trait, cognitive, humanistic and existential, and behavioral and learning.

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------------|---|----------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Dispositional theories: | | |
| | Gordon Allport | | |
| | Personality development Personality traits Critical | | |
| | evaluation | | |
| Week 2 | Raymond Cattell | | |
| | View of a person; Understanding of the person Factor | | |
| | analysis; Economic model | | |
| | Basic concepts; Data types; Traits; Personality of | | |
| | nations c) Critical | | |
| | evaluation | | |
| Week 3 | Hans Eysenck | | |
| | Basic concepts; Traits and types; Measuring and | | |
| | describing E, N, and P Critical evaluation | | |
| Week 4 | Henry Murray | | |
| Week 5 | Humanistic and Existential Theories | | |
| | Basic concepts | | |
| | Five basic human needs | | |
| | Self actualizing person Critical evaluation | | |
| Week 6 | Carl Rogers | | |
| | Biographical sketch Basic concepts Actualization | | |
| | Importance of self | | |
| Week 7 | Personality development Client centered | | |
| | therapy | | |
| | Critical evaluation | | |
| | Cognitive Theories | | |
| | George Kelly Biographical | | |
| | sketch Basic concepts Personality as a system of constructs Palation among | | |
| | Personality as a system of constructs Relation among constructs | | |
| Week 8 | Personality development | | |
| ,, , , , , , | Predictability Dependency constructs | | |
| Week 9 | Mid Term | | |
| Week | Role playing | | |
| 10 | Choices: the C-P-C cycle Critical evaluation | | |
| Week | Behaviorist theories | | |
| 11 | B.F. Skinner | | |

| | Basic Concepts | |
|------|--|--|
| | Operant conditioning | |
| | Positive reinforcement & Negative reinforcement | |
| | Positive punishment & Negative Punishment | |
| | Schedules of reinforcement | |
| Week | Development of humans: Language, Personality and | |
| 12 | child rearing | |
| | Critical evaluation | |
| Week | John Dollard | |
| 13 | Basic concepts | |
| | Psychopathology | |
| Week | Neal E. Miller | |
| 14 | | |
| Week | How fear is learned Effect of fear Critical evaluation | |
| 15 | | |
| Week | Social Learning Theory of Albert Bandura | |
| 16 | Basic concepts | |
| | Models and modeling Goals and self regulating | |
| Week | Revision | |
| 17 | | |
| Week | Final Term | |
| 18 | | |

Marks Distribution:

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

- 1. Engler, B. (2014). Personality Theories/Barbara Engler.
- 2. Allen, B. P. (2005). Personality theories: Development, growth and diversity. (5th ed.).Boston:Allyn&Bacon.
- 3. Ewen, R. B. (2010). An introduction to theories of personality. (7th ed.) New Jersey: Lawrence Erlbaun Associate Publishers. 3. Feist, J. (1985). Theories of personality. Sydney: Holt Rinehart

ISLAMIC STUDIES

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits: 02 Pre-Requisite: Nil

Offering: Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement: 1 - 4 Semesters
Type: General Education

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to provide students with a comprehensive overview of the fundamental aspects of Islam, its beliefs, practices, history and influence on society. It will further familiarize the students with a solid foundation in understanding Islam from an academic and cultural perspective. Through this course, students will have an enhanced understanding of Islam's multifaceted dimensions which will enable them to navigate complex discussions about Islam's historical and contemporary role, fostering empathy, respect, and informed dialogue.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate enhanced knowledge of Islamic foundational beliefs, practices, historical development, spiritual values and ethical principles.
- 2. Describe basic sources of Islamic law and their application in daily life.
- 3. Identify and discuss contemporary issues being faced by the Muslim world including social challenges, gender roles and interfaith interactions.

SYLLABUS

1. Introduction to Islam:

- Definition of Islam and its core beliefs.
- The Holy Quran (introduction, revelation and compilation).
- Hadith and Sunnah (compilation, classification, and significance).
- Key theological concepts and themes (Tawhid, Prophethood, Akhirah etc.).

2. Sirah of the Holy Prophet (Peace Be Upon Him) as Uswa-i-Hasana:

- Life and legacy of the Holy Prophet PBUH.
- Diverse roles of the Holy Prophet PBUH (as an individual, educator, peace maker, leader etc.).

3. Islamic History and Civilization:

- · World before Islam.
- The Rashidun Caliphate and expansion of Islamic rule.
- Contribution of Muslim scientists and philosophers in shaping world civilization.

4. Islamic Jurisprudence (Figh):

- Fundamental sources of Islamic jurisprudence.
- Pillars of Islam and their significance.
- Major schools of Islamic jurisprudence.
- Significance and principles of Ijtihad.

5. Family and Society in Islam:

- Status and rights of women in Islamic teachings.
- Marriage, family, and gender roles in Muslim society.
- Family structure and values in Muslim society.

6. Islam and the Modern World:

Relevance of Islam in the modern world (globalization, challenges and prospects).

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- Islamophobia, interfaith dialogue, and multiculturalism.
- Islamic viewpoint towards socio-cultural and technological changes.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS

- "The Five Pillars of Islam: A Journey Through the Divine Acts of Worship" by Muhammad Mustafa Al-Azami.
- 2. "The Five Pillars of Islam: A Framework for Islamic Values and Character Building" by Musharraf Hussain.
- 3. "Towards Understanding Islam" by Abul A' la Mawdudi.
- 4. "Islami Nazria e Hayat" by Khurshid Ahmad.
- 5. "An Introduction to Islamic Theology" by John Renard.
- 6. "Islamic Civilization Foundations Belief & Principles" by Abul A' la Mawdudi.
- 7. "Women and Social Justice: An Islamic Paradigm" by Dr. Anis Ahmad.
- 8. "Islam: Its Meaning and Message" by Khurshid Ahmad.

Note: This course is compulsory for Muslim and optional for non-Muslim undergraduate students.

Non-Muslim students can opt for any course of at least the same or more credits in subjects such as religious studies, ethics, theology, comparative religion, Christian ethics, etc.

Course Title: Fundamentals of Sociology Course Code: GER-2714

Credit Hours: 2 Semester: 3

Instructor:

<u>Course description</u>: This is an introductory course that aims to introduce the key concepts of sociology to the students .Being an introductory level course ,a variety of different sociological concepts will be explored in detail .The reading and the lectures shall provide sociological insight to the students about using sociological concepts and world views to analyze and better understanding.

Course Objectives :. To enable students to understand and become familiar with core sociologist thinkers , sociological theories and concepts .

Learning Outcomes : To familiarize students to the principles of sociological research and appreciate it as a science.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|---|--|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Introduction of sociology | Definition of society and characteristics of Pakistani society | |
| | | - | |
| Week 2 | Social stratification | Description of cast ,class and ethnicity ,ranks of social classes. | |
| Week 3 | Social institution in Pakistan | Definition of family, Religion and economy brief description of politics education and recreational | Quiz 1 |
| Week 4 | Educational dynamics | Definition of literacy and illiteracy .concepts of universal primary education .status of for and informal education | Assignment 1 |
| Week 5 | Historical perspective of Pakistani culture | Provincial culture ,culture of Punjab ,culture of Sindh culture of NWFP,culture of Balochistan and culture of Kashmir and Northern areas | |

| Week 6 | Urban and rural | Brief introduction of rural | |
|---------|---|--|---------------|
| | division of Pakistan | society and urban society | Quiz 2 |
| Week 7 | Value and beliefs | Social values ,functions of values and how does values develop . | |
| Week 8 | Social structure and social integration | Introduction ,social structure among institutions and criteria of integration | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Mass communication | Brief introduction of press and newspapers ,electronic media and social effects of press and newspapers | |
| Week 11 | Power and authority | What is power, description of social power models types of social powers. | Assignment 2 |
| Week 12 | Collective behavior and social movement | Definition of collective behavior , characteristics of collective behavior and crowed behavior | |
| Week 13 | Socialization and personality | What is socialization and primary socialization | Final Project |
| Week 14 | Family and kinship | Definition and structure of family ,types of family by size and structure | Presentations |
| Week 15 | Deviance and social control | Deviance ,deviation varies from person to person . | Presentations |
| Week 16 | Social problems of Pakistan | Social problems ,components of social problems steps to reduce social problems of Pakistan | |
| Week 17 | Revision | Revision | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|---|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, Presentations) | 25 |
| Mid Term | 25 |

| Final Term | 50 |
|-------------|-----|
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books
Sociology and social problems by Abdul Hameed Taga

Course Title: Organizational Psychology Credit Hours: 3 Course Code: PSY2301

Semester: III

Course Instructor:

Course Objectives

 To provide students adequate knowledge of the concepts and theoretical models of Organizational Psychology, the course is designed to help students learn major dimensions of organizational Psychology within its ethical and legal framework.

Course Outcomes

At the completion of this course, students will be able to

• Understanding of the principles of organizational behavior with complete understanding of interpersonal interaction in organizations and related issues

| | Course Contents | |
|------------|---|--|
| Week 1 & 2 | Introduction to industrial and organizational Psychology: An overview Nature and scope the science and practice of Industrial and organizational psychology Research Methods in I/O Psychology Measurement and analysis in I/O psychology | Assignment on role of I/O Psychologist |
| Week 3 | Multicultural and Cross-cultural Issues in I/O psychology The Multicultural Nature of Life in the 21st Century Cross-National Issues in the Workplace Why Should Multiculturalism Be Important to You? Why Is Multiculturalism Important for I-O Psychology? Some Theories of Cultural Influence Hofstede's Theory Some Thoughts on Theories of Cultural Influence | |
| Week 4 | The Roots and Early History of Industrial/Organizational Psychology • The Beginnings World War I and the 1920s | Quiz-I |

| | The Great Depression Years and World War II |
|----------|--|
| | The Postwar Years and the Modern Era |
| Week 5 | Work, organization and Health |
| and 6 | The problem of stress |
| | Common Stressors at work |
| | Physical/Task Stressors |
| | Psychological Stressors |
| | Consequences of Stress |
| | Behavioral Consequences of Stress |
| | Psychological Consequences of Stress |
| | Physiological Consequences of Stress |
| Week 7 & | Work Schedules |
| 8 | Shift Work |
| | Flexible and Compressed Workweek Schedules |
| | Flex time |
| | Compressed workweek |
| | Consequences of flextime and compressed workweek |
| *** 1.0 | |
| Week 9 | Midterms Exams |
| Week 10 | Theories of Stress |
| | Demand–Control Model |
| | Person–Environment Fit Model |
| | Individual Differences in Resistance to Stress |
| | The Type A Behavior Pattern |
| Week 11 | Organizational Culture |
| | Structure of organizations |
| | Structure of organizations Different types of structures |
| | |
| | Psychological climate and work environment |
| | |
| Week 12 | Organizational Communication |
| Week 12 | |
| Week 12 | Basic model of organizational communication |
| Week 12 | Basic model of organizational communication Forms of communication |
| Week 12 | Basic model of organizational communication |
| Week 12 | Basic model of organizational communication Forms of communication Flow of communication Effective communication strategies |
| Week 12 | Basic model of organizational communication Forms of communication Flow of communication |

| | | ī |
|---------|---|---------------|
| | Job Analysis | |
| | Job analysis | |
| | How to conduct job analysis | |
| | Importance of job analysis | |
| | Types of job analysis | |
| Week 13 | Employee motivation | |
| | Leadership and Management | |
| | Power influence and leadership | |
| | Building trust | |
| | Development of leadership and effective personal | |
| | management | |
| | Organizational politics | |
| | | |
| Week 14 | Employee Satisfaction | |
| | Organizational Commitment | |
| Week 15 | Occupational Health and Safety | Assignment |
| | | + |
| | Concept of organizational safety and occupational health | Presentations |
| | Magnitude of safety problem in Pakistani organizations | |
| | Factors leading to organizational accidents | |
| | Preventive models for safety measures | |
| | Safety training programs | |
| | Enhancing occupational health Compared to the second | |
| | Stress management | |
| Week 16 | Psychology Applied to Consumers | |
| | Techniques in the analysis of consumer behavior | |
| | Advertising marketing and motivation research | |
| | Factors effecting effectiveness of advertisements | |
| | Assessment Criteria and Marks Distribution | |

Assessment Criteria and Marks Distribution

Mid-term: 25% (total marks = 25) Final-term: 50 % (total marks = 50) Sessional: 25% (total marks = 25)

Recommended books

Aamodt, M. G. (2004). *Applied industrial and organizational psychology*. Australia: Thomson Landy, F. J. (2004). *Work in 21st century: An introduction to industrial and organizational*

psychology.Boston: McGraw Hill

- Riggio, R. E. (2003). *Introduction to industrial organizational psychology.* (4th ed.). USA: Prentice Hall.Duening, T. N. &Ivancevich, J. (2005).*Managing organizations*.(2nd ed.). California: Atomic Dog Publishing.
- Jewell, L. N. (1998). *Contemporary industrial and organizational psychology* (3rd ed.). Brooks/Cole Publishing Company. U.S.A.
- Jed, S. M. (2002). Organizational psychology. New York: John Wiley and Sons.
- Rogelberg, S. G. (2004). *Handbook of research methods in industrial and organizational psychology*. Malden: Blackwell Publishing
- Gruneburg, M. M & Oborone, D.J.(1981). *Psychology and industrial productivity*. Hong Kong: The Macmillan press Ltd.

Schultz, D.P. (2010). *Psychology and work today: An introduction*. New Delhi: Pearson Schultz, S. E. (1984). *Psychology and work today*. (6th ed.). New York: Macmillan publishing Company.

Course Title: Cognitive psychology **Course Code:** PSY2205 **Credit Hours:** 3

Semester: III

Instructor:

Course Description

An examination of the cognitive processes involved in human mentation. Includes the study of attention, perceptual processes, memory, knowledge representation, language, decision making and problem solving. How do we think, make decisions, solve problems, perceive our world, and remember our past? What is intelligence, creativity, or awareness? Cognitive psychology explores these complex and important human processes

Course Objectives

This course provides an understanding of the mental processes involved in cognition, perception, attention, memory, thinking, language and reasoning processes. The core focus will be on how information is received, perceived, filtered, stored, retrieved and conveyed and it will provide an understanding of the mental processes through which information is acquired, processed and conveyed.

Learning Outcomes

After completing this course, students will be able to think critically about the internal processes involved in human cognition and articulate the basic principles, major theories, and research concerning higher mental processes.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|------------------|---|---------------|
| | | | Study/Assignm |
| | | | ents |
| Week 1 | Introduction to | Definition and meanings of Cognitive | |
| | COGNITIVE | Psychology Nature and Scope of Cognitive | |
| | PSYCHOLOG | Psychology History and methods of Cognitive | |
| | Y | Psychology | |
| | | | |
| Week 2 | Neural Basis of | Cognitive neuroscience, Definition Structure | |
| | Cognition | and function of a Neuron Axon, Dendrite and | |
| | | the Cell body | |
| | | | |
| Week 3 | Neural Basis of | The Hemispheres ,The four Lobes of the Brain, | Assignment 1 |
| | Cognition | Frontal, Temporal Parietal, Occipital | |
| | | lobes, Association Cortices, Structures and the | |
| | | functions involvedRelationship of Brain | |

| | | Structures with important cognitive areas. | |
|---------|-------------|---|------|
| Week 4 | Perception | Perceptual Laws of Organization Depth Perception, Color Perception Perception of Movement | |
| Week 5 | Eye and Ear | structure and function of eye and ear | |
| Week 6 | Attention | Definition of Attention Aspects of Attention: Sustained, Selective, Alternating, Divided Attention. Theories of Attention Broadbent's Filter Model of Attention Treisman's Attenuation Model of Attention Deutsch and Deutsch Model of Attention | Quiz |
| Week 7 | Attention | Types of Attention Volitional and non-volitional Attention Divided Attention Top-down processing Bottom-up Processing Overt and Covert Attention Exogenous and Endogenous Attention | |
| Week 8 | Memory | What is Memory? Definition of Memory Stages of Memory Process Encoding (Visual, Acoustic and Semantic)Storage and Retrieval Types of Memory: Sensory (Iconic, Echoic and Haptic) Short-term and Working Memory Long-term memory Declarative Episodic memory Semantic Procedural Working memory and long term memory | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Memory | Models of Memory, Attkinson-Shiffrin Model of Memory Baddeley and Hitch Model of Working Memory Phonological loop Visuospatial Sketchpad Central Executive Episodic BufferCraik and Lockhart Model of LTM, Problems Associated with Memory, Alzheimer's Disease, Amnesias and Dementias | |

| Week 11 | Thinking ,Problem solving | Cycle of Thinking Concepts Propositions, Schemas ,Scripts Mental models, Images, Cognitive maps ,Thinking Strategies: Formal and Informal Reasoning,Problem Solving: Analogical Thinking, | Assignment 2 |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|--------------|
| Week 12 | Thinking | Obstacles to Duckley Colving Multiple | |
| week 12 | Thinking ,Problem | Obstacles to Problem Solving Multiple hypothesis, Mental Sets, Ignoring Negative | |
| | solving | Evidence, Confirmation Bias Heuristic and | |
| | solving | algorithmsCreative Thinking Stages of | |
| | | Creative Thinking Problems of Creative | |
| | | Thinking Reasoning Deductive and inductive | |
| | | reasoning Syllogism | |
| Week 13 | Language | The elements of language, Three Criteria of a | |
| | | Language ,Semanticity, Generativity | |
| | | ,Displacement ,Components of a Spoken | |
| | | LanguagePhonologySyntax | |
| | | ,SemanticsDevelopment of Language: Child | |
| | | language Acquisition StagesBabblingSingle WordsWord Combinations | |
| | | words word Combinations | |
| Week 14 | Language | Sentences and Complex Constructions | |
| | | Language comprehension Language and | |
| | | thought Psycholinguistics Theories of | |
| | | language acquisition Piaget and Vygotsky | |
| | | Behaviorism: Language is acquired thru Imitation Noam Chomsky: Language is | |
| | | Innate Interactionist Perspective: Combined | |
| | | Effect | |
| | | | |
| Week 15 | Latest | Latest research, scientific discoveries in | |

| | developments | cognitive psychology | |
|----------|---------------|--|--|
| | in cognitive | | |
| | science | | |
| Week 16 | Latest | Latest research, scientific discoveries in | |
| | developments | cognitive psychology | |
| | in cognitive | | |
| | science | | |
| Week 17 | Revision Week | | |
| XX7 1 10 | | E: 1/E | |
| Week 18 | Final Term | | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

- 1. Medin, D. Ross, B., & Markmen. (2005). Cognitive psychology. (4th ed.). John Wiley Inc.
- 2. Sternberg, R. (2005). *Cognitive psychology*. New York: Wadsworth. Sternberg, R.J. (1999). *Cognitive psychology* (2nded.). New York: Harcourt College Publishers.
- 3. Groome, D. (1999). Cognitive psychology: Processes and disorders. London: Psychology Press.
- 4. Reed,S.K.(2000). Cognition (5thed.).Belmont: Wadsworth / Thomson Learning.

Course Title: Abnormal Psychology

Course Code: PSY2205 Semester: 3

Crd Hrs: 3

Course description

This course provides a foundational knowledge about the historical background as well as theoretical, clinical, and experimental perspectives of the study of psychopathology, known as abnormal psychology. Emphasis is placed on terminology, classification, and etiology of abnormality.

Course Objectives

To gain Knowledge of the psychological theories and models for the field of abnormal psychology. Understanding of assessment, etiology, symptoms, and treatments of the major psychological disorders. Familiarity with ethical considerations appropriate for the study of abnormal psychology.

Course outcomes

At the completion of the course the students will be able to articulate each theories' approach to understanding and treatment of psychopathology. Students will be able critically evaluate each theory.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week | Introduction to | Concept of Abnormality; | |
| 1 | Abnormal Psychology | Criteria of Normality and | |
| | | Abnormality; | |
| | | Cultural relativism | |
| | | Defining Psychological Abnormality | |
| | | (Deviance, Distress, Dysfunction, | |
| | | Danger) | |
| | | Paradigm shift of mental health | |
| Week | Historical Background | Ancient views and treatment | Assignment #1 |
| 2 | of Modern Abnormal | Greek and Roman views; Europe in | |
| | Psychology | the middle ages | |
| Week | Historical Background | The Renaissance; 19th Century | |
| 3 | of Modern Abnormal | Views of abnormality; modern trends | |
| | Psychology | | |
| Week | The Psychodynamic | Origins of Psychodynamic Model | Written Quiz |

| 4 | Model | Freudian Explanations | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| - | TVIOUCI | Neo Freudians | |
| | | | |
| | | Other psychodynamic Explanations | |
| | | Current status of Psychodynamic | |
| *** | D | Model | |
| Week | Behavioral Model | Origins of the Behavioral Model | |
| 5 | | Classical Conditioning Explanations | |
| | | Operant Conditioning Explanations | |
| | | Treatment Methods | |
| Week | Cognitive Model | Origins of Cognitive Model | |
| 6 | | Cognitive Explanations | |
| | | Treatment Methods | |
| Week | Humanistic Model | Origins of Humanistic Model | |
| 7 | | Humanistic Explanations | |
| | | Treatment Methods | |
| Week | Biological Model | Origins of Biological Model | |
| 8 | | Biological Explanations | |
| | | Treatment Methods | |
| Week | | Mid Term | |
| 9 | | | |
| , | | | |
| Week | Diagnostic | Diagnostic and statistical Manual of | |
| | Diagnostic Classification Systems | Diagnostic and statistical Manual of Mental disorders | |
| Week | Diagnostic Classification Systems | | |
| Week | _ | Mental disorders | |
| Week | _ | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM | |
| Week | _ | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version | |
| Week 10 | _ | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases | |
| Week 10 Week | _ | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview | |
| Week 10 Week | _ | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM | |
| Week 10 Week 11 | Classification Systems | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review | |
| Week 10 Week 11 | Classification Systems Schizophrenia | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 | Classification Systems | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week | Classification Systems Schizophrenia | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic Assessment and mental status exam for | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week 13 | Schizophrenia Spectrum Disorders | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic Assessment and mental status exam for psychosis | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week 13 Week | Classification Systems Schizophrenia | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic Assessment and mental status exam for psychosis Anxiety Vs. Fear | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week 13 | Schizophrenia Spectrum Disorders | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic Assessment and mental status exam for psychosis Anxiety Vs. Fear Models of Acquisition Separation | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week 13 Week | Schizophrenia Spectrum Disorders | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic Assessment and mental status exam for psychosis Anxiety Vs. Fear Models of Acquisition Separation Anxiety, Social Anxiety, Specific | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week 13 Week 14 | Schizophrenia Spectrum Disorders | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic Assessment and mental status exam for psychosis Anxiety Vs. Fear Models of Acquisition Separation Anxiety, Social Anxiety, Specific Phobias, | |
| Week 10 Week 11 Week 12 Week 13 Week | Schizophrenia Spectrum Disorders | Mental disorders Historical Background of the DSM Past and latest Version DSM 5 TR Introduction International Classification of Diseases History and Brief Overview Comparison with the DSM Course review Schizophrenia, Schizophreniform, Schizoaffective, Brief Psychotic Assessment and mental status exam for psychosis Anxiety Vs. Fear Models of Acquisition Separation Anxiety, Social Anxiety, Specific | |

| Week | Obsessive Compulsive | OCD, body dysmorphic disorders, | |
|------|-----------------------|---|--|
| 16 | and Related Disorders | hoarding, excoriation, trichotillomania | |
| Week | | Course Review | |
| 17 | | | |
| Week | | Final Term | |
| 18 | | | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|---|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, Presentations) | 25 |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

- 1. American Psychiatric Association. (2013). *Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders* (5th ed.). Washington, DC.
- 2. American Psychiatric Association. (2013). DSM 5 Guidebook (5th ed.). Washington, DC.
- 3. Comer, R. J. (2004). Abnormal psychology. USA: Freeman and Company.
- 4. Neale, J.M. & Davison, G. C. (2004). Abnormal psychology. New York: John Wiley & Sons.

Course Title: Health Psychology Course Code: PSY2206

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: III

Instructor:

Course Description

Health psychology examines how biological, social and psychological factors influence health and illness

Course Objectives

- To introduce the students to a new emerging branch of Psychology
- To introduce students to the basic terminology, avenues of research, and theoretical models in Health Psychology
- To develop an understanding of the application of principles of Psychology in learning and developing healthy and unhealthy behaviors
- To develop an understanding of the psychological interventions appropriate for managing health conditions, for disease prevention, promoting health behaviors, and health enhancement

Learning Outcomes

At the completion of this course the students will be able to:

- understand health psychology concept and apply principles of Health Psychology in learning and developing healthy and unhealthy behaviors
- Understand the psychological interventions appropriate for managing health conditions, for disease prevention, promoting health behaviors, and health enhancement.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-------------------------|--|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Historical | Definition, development, and scope of | lecture |
| | Background | health psychology | |
| | | The modern concept of health and illness | |
| | | | |
| Week 2 | Theoretical | | lecture |
| | Models in Health | 1. The Biopsychosocial Model | |
| | Psychology | 2. The Health Belief Model | |
| | | 3. Theory of Planned Behavior/ | |
| | | Reasoned Action | |

| Week 3 Week 4 | Theoretical Models in Health Psychology The Psychology | Transtheoretical Models/ Theories of behavior change Psychoneuroimmunology model (PNI) Psychophysiological Disorders | Quiz 1 |
|---------------|---|--|------------|
| VVECK 4 | of Health and Illness A brief introduction | The immune system & Stress | Quiz 1 |
| Week 5 | Psychological Factors Influencing Physical Health | Illness Perceptions Health Beliefs Health Locus of Control Doctor – patient communication Compliance and Medication Adherence Personality type & Health (The Big Five Traits and Health & Illness) Health beliefs, locus of control and self- efficacy | Assignment |
| Week 6 | Stress, Coping, and Health | Models of stress: Seyle, Mason, and Lazarus Stress and illness (Assessment of stress and identification of stressors) Stress management | Quiz 2 |
| Week 7 | Stress, Coping, and Health | Models of stress: Seyle, Mason, and Lazarus Stress and illness (Assessment of stress and identification of stressors) Stress management | lecture |
| Week 8 | | Revision | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Application of Health | Risk factors, prevention, rehabilitation, and psychological interventions | |

| | Psychology with | Coronary heart disease (CHD) | |
|---------|-------------------|--|---------------|
| | Reference to | Cancer | |
| | Specific Physical | Pain | |
| | Ailments and | AIDS | |
| | Unhealthy | Diabetes Mellitus | |
| | Lifestyles | | |
| Week 11 | Application of | Obesity and eating disorders: Bulimia and | |
| | Health | Anorexia Nervosa | Lecture / |
| | Psychology with | Substance abuse disorders: Smoking and | assignment 2 |
| | Reference to | drinking | |
| | Specific Physical | Arthritis | |
| | Ailments and | | |
| | Unhealthy | | |
| | Lifestyles | | |
| Week 12 | Grief and | Acceptance, adjustment and coping with | |
| | Bereavement | chronic and terminal illnesses. | Lecture |
| | | | |
| Week 13 | Working with the | Health promotion programs for public | lecture |
| | Community | awareness and disease prevention | |
| Week 14 | Psychological | In order to develop health promoting | |
| | Interventions in | behaviors and adjustment to Chronic | presentations |
| | Health | physical conditions | |
| | Psychology | Cognitive Behavior Therapy | |
| | | Counseling | |
| | | | |
| Week 15 | Research in | Identification of vulnerable populations | |
| | Health | for developing psychophysiological | presentations |
| | Psychology | disorders | |
| | | Identification of acceptance of the state of | |
| | | Identification of causal relationships i.e. Predictors and Outcomes in health and | |
| | | | |
| | | illness. | |
| | | Psychological consequences of physical | |
| | | illnesses | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

| Week 16 | presentations | |
|---------|---------------|--|
| Week 17 | revision | |
| Week 18 | Final Term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

- Bernard, L.C. & Krupat, E. (1994). *Health psychology: Biopsychological factors in health and illness*. New York; Harcourt Brace College Publishers.
- Brannon, L. & Feist, J. (2004, 2010). *Health psychology: An introduction to behavior and health.* (5th ed.). USA: Wadsworth.
- Cockerham, W. C. (1998). *Medical sociology*. New Jersey: Prentice Hall.
- Ewles. L. &Simnett, I. (1989). Promoting health: A practical guide to health education. Chichester: John Wiley & Sons.
- Forshaw, M. (2002). Essential health psychology. London: Arnold.
- Ogden, J. (2005) A Text book of Health Psychology. (6thed.). Open University Press
- Pearce, S., & Wardle, J. (Eds.). (1989). *The practice of behavioral medicine*. Oxford: BPS Books.
- Sanderson, C. A. (2004). *Health psychology*. USA: Wiley
- Sanders, G. S., &Suls, J. (Eds.). (1982). *Social psychology of health and illness*. Hillsdale; Lawrance Erlbaum Associates Publishers.
- Spacapan, S., &Oskamp, S. (Eds.). (1988). *The Social psychology of health and illness*. London: SAGE Publication.

ENTREPRENEURSHIP

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits:

02

Offering:

Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement:

1 - 4 Semesters

Type:

Mandatory

Fields:

All

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to promote entrepreneurial spirit and outlook among students, encouraging them to think critically, identify opportunities, and transform their ideas into successful ventures. It aims at imparting them with the requisite knowledge; skills and abilities, enabling them to seize the identified opportunities for initiating ventures and successfully navigating the challenges that come with starting a business and managing it. The course covers topics relevant to entrepreneurship including setting up and initiation of business (including requirements for registration and incorporation with regulators such as SECP and others), market research, opportunity identification, business planning, financial literacy for managing finances and securing funding, marketing and sales, team building and innovation. Overall, the course is geared towards personal growth and professional development for pursuing innovative ideas, availing opportunities and initiating startups.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students shall have:

- 1. Knowledge of fundamental entrepreneurial concepts, skills and process;
- 2. Understanding of different personal, social and financial aspects associated with entrepreneurial activities;
- Basic understanding of regulatory requirements to set up an enterprise in Pakistan, with special emphasis on exports;
- 4. Ability to apply knowledge, skills and abilities acquired in the course to develop a feasible business plan for implementation.

SYLLABUS

1. Introduction to Entrepreneurship:

- · Definition and concept of entrepreneurship;
- · Why to become an entrepreneur?
- · Entrepreneurial process;
- Role of entrepreneurship in economic development.

2. Entrepreneurial Skills:

- Characteristics and qualities of successful entrepreneurs (including stories of successes and failures);
- Areas of essential entrepreneurial skills and abilities such as creative and critical thinking innovation and risk taking.

3. Opportunity Recognition and Idea Generation:

- Opportunity identification, evaluation and exploitation:
- Innovative ideas generation techniques for entrepreneurial ventures.

4. Marketing and Sales

· Target market identification and segmentation;

- Four P's of Marketing;
- Developing a marketing strategy;
- · Branding.

5. Financial Literacy:

- Basic concepts of income, savings and investments;
- Basic concepts of assets, liabilities and equity;
- Basic concepts of revenue and expenses;
- Overview of cash-flows;
- Overview of banking products including Islamic modes of financing;
- Sources of funding for startups (angel financing, debt financing, equity financing etc.)

6. Team Building for Startups:

- Characteristics and features of effective teams
- Team building and effective leadership for startups.

7. Regulatory Requirements to Establish Enterprises in Pakistan:

- Types of enterprises (e.g., sole proprietorship; partnership; private limited companies etc.);
- Intellectual property rights and protection;
- Regulatory requirements to register an enterprise in Pakistan, with special emphasis on export firms;
- Taxation and financial reporting obligation.

PRACTICAL REQUIREMENTS

As part of the overall learning requirements, students shall be tasked with creating and presenting a comprehensive business plan at the end of the course for a hypothetical or real business idea. This practical exercise shall allow them to apply the knowledge, skills and abilities acquired in the course to develop a feasible business plan and where possible explore the possibility of implementing the plan with support and assistance from established business-persons and entrepreneurs.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIAL

- 1. "Entrepreneurship: Successfully Launching New Ventures" by Bruce R. Barringer and R. Duane Ireland.
- 2. "Entrepreneurship: Theory, Process, and Practice" by Donald F. Kuratko.
- 3. "New Venture Creation: Entrepreneurship for the 21st Century" by Jeffry A. Timmons, Stephen Spinelli Jr., and Rob Adams.
- 4. "Entrepreneurship: A Real-World Approach" by Rhonda Abrams.
- 5. "The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses" by Eric Ries.
- 6. "Effectual Entrepreneurship" by Stuart Read, Saras Sarasvathy, Nick Dew, Robert Wiltbank, and Anne-Valérie Ohlsson.

Course Title: Fundamental Research Methods in Psychology

Course Code: PSY2211

Credit Hours: 3
Semester: 4

Instructor:

Course Description

Research Methodology is understanding of research through critical exploration of research language, ethics and approaches.

Course Objectives

This course aims to:

- 1. Familiarize students with major concepts of research methodology i.e. from generating research idea to data collection, analysis and interpretation of findings.
- 2. The course aims to develop scientific reasoning and understanding of link between theory and empirical investigation.
- 3. Equip them with expertise of examining strengths and weaknesses of methodologies drawn from qualitative and quantitative traditions.
- 4. Enable students make choices of appropriate methods to plan and execute research projects.

Learning Outcomes

At the completion of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Knowledge of research concepts and processes and they will be able to critically evaluate different research methods.
- 2. Make decisions and follow steps involved in designing and executing a research plan.
- 3. Design, conduct, analyze and interpret findings of an empirical investigation.
- 4. Read through and evaluate research papers in scientific journals
- 5. Identify ethical concerns in a research study.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Why Psychologists | Using Science to Understand and | lecture |

| | Conduct Research | Explain Behavior | |
|--------|-------------------|--|------------------|
| | | How Psychologists Use The Scientific Method: Salient features of the Scientific Method | |
| | | Types of Research: Basic & Applied: Qualitative & Quantitative | |
| Week 2 | Literature Review | How do researchers develop a research question? | Lecture + Quiz 1 |
| | | Developing A Research Question. | |
| | | Steps in the Research Process. | |
| | | How do researchers conduct a literature review? | |
| | | What are some useful resources for a literature review? Online literature search: Science Direct, Ebscohost, Blackwell-Synergy, Psychinfo, Psycharticle, Medical Index, and other related data bases | |
| | | What will you find in a literature review? | |
| | | What are the different types of research articles, and how are they organized? | |
| | | Revision Class | |
| Week 3 | | How do researchers develop a research question? | |
| | | Developing A Research Question. | |
| | | Steps in the Research Process. | |
| | | How do researchers conduct a literature review? | |
| | | What are some useful resources for a literature review? Online | |

| | | literature search: Science Direct, Ebscohost, Blackwell-Synergy, Psychinfo, Psycharticle, Medical Index, and other related data bases What will you find in a literature review? | |
|--------|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|
| | | What are the different types of research articles, and how are they organized? | |
| | | Revision Class | |
| Week 4 | Formulation of a Hypothesis | How do we use a literature review to make hypotheses? Types of Hypothesis Characteristics of a good Hypothesis | |
| | | ReportingInvestigations | |
| | | The structure of a research report based upon APA standards: Title page, abstract, introduction, review of relevant literature, method, results, discussion | |
| Week 5 | Defining and | Constructs and Operational | Lecture+ Quiz 2 |
| | Measuring Variables in Research | Definitions Limitations of Operational Definitions Validity of Instruments in Research Reliability of Instruments in Research Scales of Measurement | |
| Week 6 | Formulation of a Hypothesis | How do we use a literature review to make hypotheses? Types of Hypothesis Characteristics of a good Hypothesis The structure of a research report | |

| Investigations page, abstract, introduction, review of relevant literature, method, results, discussion Week 7 Survey Research Method Types of Questions open-ended question rating-scale question Constructing a Survey Cross-sectional design Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey Internet Survey Internet Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | Reporting | based upon APA standards: Title | |
|---|------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Meek 7 Survey Research Types of Questions Open-ended question restricted question rating-scale question Constructing a Survey Cross-sectional design Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Mid Term Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | page, abstract, introduction, | |
| Survey Research Method Types of Questions | | | review of relevant literature, | |
| Method open-ended question restricted question rating-scale question Constructing a Survey Cross-sectional design Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non- Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | method, results, discussion | |
| open-ended question restricted question rating-scale question Constructing a Survey Cross-sectional design Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Mid Term Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | Week 7 Survey Research | | Types of Questions | |
| rating-scale question Constructing a Survey Cross-sectional design Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Mid Term Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | Method | open-ended question | |
| Constructing a Survey Cross-sectional design Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | restricted question | |
| Cross-sectional design Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | rating-scale question | |
| Successive independent samples design. Longitudinal design Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Constructing a Survey | |
| Administering a Survey Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non- Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Successive independent samples | |
| Mail Survey Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Mid Term Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Longitudinal design | |
| Telephone Survey Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Data for Correlational Study Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Administering a Survey | |
| Internet Survey In person Survey and Interviews Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Mid Term Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Mail Survey | |
| Week 8 Case study Design Strengths and Weaknesses Revision Class Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Telephone Survey | |
| Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Internet Survey | |
| Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | In person Survey and Interviews | |
| Week 9 Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non- Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | Week 8 | Case study Design | Strengths and Weaknesses | |
| Week 10 Correlational Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non- Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | Revision Class | |
| Research Strategy Characteristics of a Relationship Evaluating Relationships for Non- Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Evaluating Relationships for Non-Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | Week 10 | | Data for Correlational Study | |
| Numerical Scores Applications of the Correlational Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | Research Strategy | Characteristics of a Relationship | |
| Strategy Strengths and Weaknesses of the | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Confounding Resourch Strategy | | | Strengths and Weaknesses of the Correlational Research Strategy | |
| Week 11 Experimental Four Basic Elements of an | Week 11 | Experimental | Four Basic Elements of an | |

| | Research Strategy | Experiment | |
|---------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | Terminology for the Experimental Research Strategy | |
| | | Types of extraneous variables | |
| | | Causation and the Third-Variable Problem | |
| | | Causation and the Directionality Problem | |
| | | Confounding Variables | |
| | | Controlling extraneous variables | |
| | | Randomization | |
| | | Control Groups | |
| | | Simulation and Field Studies | |
| Week 12 | Sampling Methods | Population and sample | |
| | | Selecting Research Participants | |
| | | Probability Sampling Methods | |
| | | Simple random sampling | |
| | | Systematic random sampling | |
| | | Stratified random sampling | |
| | | Cluster sampling | |
| | | RDD | |
| Week 13 | Non-probability | Quota sampling | |
| | Sampling Methods | Snow ball sampling | |
| | | Purposive sampling | |
| | | Convenience sampling | |
| | | Revision Class | |
| Week 14 | Ethics in | APA Ethical Guidelines for | |
| | Psychological | Research with Humans | |

| | Research | Ethics in planning research | |
|---------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | | Ethics in execution of research: | |
| | Informed consent, Deception, | | |
| | | Coercion, | |
| | | Anonymity, Risk assessment, | |
| | | Debriefing | |
| | | Ethics in Writing and Publishing: | |
| | | Plagiarism, reporting results, credit | |
| | | of authorship, Copyrights | |
| Week 15 | | Project Presentations | |
| | | | |
| Week 16 | | Project Presentations | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Week 17 | | Project Presentations | |
| Week 18 | Final Term | | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

Research Methods in Psychology (2009) – Shaugnessy et al.

Course Title: Social Psychology Course Code: PSY2207

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 4

Instructor:

Course Description

Social Psychology is the scientific study of how individuals think, behave, and are influenced by others. Current theories in the field will be applied to real-life situations to make sense of human behavior.

Course Objectives

Social Psychology is to give awareness of certain fundamental concepts and principles involved in human behavior. It provides an awareness of the major problems and issues in the discipline of social psychology, and the capacity to interpret research findings. To accomplish this goal, this course emphasizes the understanding and interpretation of research findings and an ability to evaluate their usefulness.

Learning Outcomes

- 1) Describe the psychological concepts, theories, and principles explaining social cognition, self-perception, self-presentation, attitude formation, decision making, group processes, prosocial behavior, aggression, conformity, obedience, stereotyping, and prejudice.
- 2) Apply knowledge of social psychology to situations in everyday life such as interpersonal and group relations.
- 3) Explain how behavior is influenced by social factors as groups, authority figures, in-group bias, gender roles, cognitive dissonance, etc.
- 4) Collaborate effectively with classmates in student-led discussions.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | The field of to Social | • Introduction, definition, | Importance of social |
| | Psychology | history | psychology in daily |
| | | • Theories | life |
| | | a) Genetics | |
| | | b) Psychoanalytic | |

| | | c) Social learning d) Cognitive e) role • Socialization | |
|--------|---|--|--|
| Week 2 | Self- Presentation and Social Perception | a) Nonverbal behaviorb) Attributionc) Impression management | Examples from everyday life while of using social perception. |
| Week 3 | Attribution | a) Criteria of attribution b) Attribution error | Create scenario\ practical example of attribution errors in daily life |
| Week 4 | Social Cognition | a) Schemasb) Heuristicsc) Affect and Cognition. | Create\ practical example of scenario of heuristics in daily life |
| Week 5 | BehaviorandAttitudes | a) Definitions of attitude b) How attitudes are measured c) Attitudes and behaviors d) Source of attitudes e) Attitude and persuasions f) Persuasion techniques | Evaluation of persuasive attempt |
| Week 6 | Attitudes | Cognitive consistency a) Heider's balance theory b) Festinger'Ss theory of cognitive dissonance | Discussion on videos shown during lecture |
| Week 7 | Aspects of Social Identity | I. The selfa) Nature of the selfb) Self-conceptc) Social diversityd) Self esteem | Evaluation of self- concept on the basis of learned lesson |

| Week 9 Week 10 | Aspects of Social Identity Aspects of Social | II. Other aspects of self- functioning a) Self focusitig b) Cognitiveandaffectiveaspects c) Self Monitoring d) Self Efficacy Mid Term iii. & socialization | Social experiment assignment |
|----------------|---|--|---|
| Week 11 | Identity Social Influence | a) Conformity b) Compliance c) Obedience | Evaluation of daily life of social influence technique |
| Week 12 | Pro-social Behavior | a) Why do we help?b) When do we help?c) Does true altruism really exist?d) Whom do we help?e) How we can increase helping? | Search for Practical examples for prosocial behavior. Practicing altruism and controlling aggression |
| Week 13 | Hurting others | Aggression a) What is aggression? b) Influences on Aggression c) Internal factors d) External factors | |
| Week 14 | Hurting others | e) Controlling and elimination aggression f) Lucifer effect g) Bullying | |

| Week 15 | Presentations + experiment | |
|---------|----------------------------|--|
| Week 16 | Presentations + experiment | |
| Week 17 | Presentations + experiment | |
| Week 18 | Final Term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Assessment on social issue of interest

- Presentations
- Social psychology experiment
- Report

Recommended Books

- Myers, D. G., & Twenge, J. M. (2018). Social Psychology: McGraw-Hill Education.
- Gilovich, Keltner, & Nisbett (2012). Social Psychology (3rd Ed). New York: W.W. Norton. ISBN: 978-0393913231
- Social Psychology Robert A Baron, Nyla R Branscombe 13th Edition PEARSON 2016
- Baumeister, R. F., & Bushman, B. J. (2020). *Social psychology and human nature*. Cengage Learning.

Semester IV Course Code: PSY2109 Crd Hrs: 3

Course Title: Experimental Psychology + Lab Psychology

Course Objectives

To provide conceptual understanding of experimental psychology and acquaint them with latest research in the areas of learning, perception, and memory; to develop an experimental/investigative approach among students.

.Course Contents

1. Psychophysics:

Importance of Psychophysics; Absolute & Differential Thresholds; Psychophysical Methods; Theory of signal detection.

2. **Perception:**

Perception and Sensation; The Gestalt Concept of Perception; Perceptual Consistencies; Depth Perception; Figure and Ground Perception; Perception of Movement; Perceptual defense and vigilance; Perception of time; Visual illusions

3. Practical Work:

The following experiments shall be performed by the students:

- a. Meaningful vs. Nonsense Learning
- b. Retroactive Inhibition Simple
- c. Reaction Time Transfer of
- d. Training
- e. Trial Position Effect under
- f. Massed and Distributed
- g. Practice
- h. Whole vs. Part Learning

4. Learning:

- a. Simple Learning and Conditioning.
- b. Classical versus instrumental conditioning.
- c. Basic factors in learning and performance.
- d. Role of reinforcement in learning.
- e. Contemporary theories of Learning
- f. Transfer of training

5. Memory:

- a. Theories of Memory.
- b. Compartments of Memory.
- c. The storage and retrieval process.
- d. Transplantation of Memory.
- e. Memory Experiments.
- f. Mnemonics: ways of improving memory (Devices Mnemonics)

6. Thinking and Problem-Solving:

- a. Nature of Thinking.
- b. Concept formation.
- c. Imageless thought Controversy.
- d. Set and attitude as factors in Thinking.
- e. Creative Thinking.
- f. Theories of Thinking.

7. Practical Work:

Following experiments shall be performed by the students: Judgment Time Mapping Cetaceous Sense Spot Mental Fatigue Negative after Image Retention for Complete and Interrupted Task Thermal Adaptation

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. McGuigan, F. J. (2001). Experimental Psychology-Methods of Research: (7th Edition). Prentice Hall. UK.
- 2. Kantowitz, B. H., Roediger, H. L., & Elmes, D. G. (1994). Experimental Psychology: Understanding Psychological Research. (5th edition). West Publishing Company, USA.
- 3. Boring, E. G. (2007). History of Experimental Psychology. Cosmo Publications New Delhi.
- 4. Postman, L & Eagan, J. P. (2007). An Introduction. New York: Harper and Row.
- 5. Andreas, B.G. (1972). Experimental Psychology (2nd ed). New York: John Wiley and Sons,

Course Description:

Experimental Psychology is designed to provide students with a deep understanding of experimental methodologies and current research in the fields of learning, perception, and memory. This course aims to develop an investigative and experimental approach among students. Through theoretical exploration and hands-on experiments, students will delve into the intricacies of human perception, cognitive processes, and memory.

Course Objectives:

By the end of this course, students should be able to:

CLO 1: Understand the Foundations of Experimental Psychology

- Explain the importance of experimental psychology in studying human behavior.
- Define and differentiate between absolute and differential thresholds.
- Describe various psychophysical methods and the theory of signal detection.

CLO 2: Explore Perception

• Analyze the relationship between perception and sensation.

- Explain the Gestalt concept of perception.
- Identify and understand perceptual consistencies, depth perception, figure-ground perception, and the perception of movement.
- Discuss perceptual defense, vigilance, and time perception.
- Analyze visual illusions and their impact on perception.

CLO 3: Perform Experimental Investigations

- Conduct meaningful experiments in the areas of learning, perception, and memory.
- Analyze and interpret experimental results effectively.

CLO 4: Investigate Learning

- Define and differentiate between simple learning and conditioning.
- Compare classical and instrumental conditioning.
- Identify the basic factors influencing learning and performance.
- Explain the role of reinforcement in learning.
- Discuss contemporary theories of learning and the concept of transfer of training.

CLO 5: Explore Memory

- Summarize various theories of memory.
- Identify the compartments of memory.
- Explain the storage and retrieval processes.
- Analyze experiments related to memory.
- Discuss mnemonics as tools for memory improvement.

CLO 6: Study Thinking and Problem-Solving

- Explore the nature of thinking.
- Explain concept formation and the imageless thought controversy.
- Analyze set and attitude as factors in thinking.
- Discuss creative thinking and various theories of thinking.

Course Outline:

Week 1-2: Introduction to Experimental Psychology

- Definition and importance of experimental psychology
- Absolute and differential thresholds
- Psychophysical methods and theory of signal detection

Week 3-4: Perception

- Perception vs. sensation
- Gestalt concept of perception
- Perceptual consistencies
- Depth perception
- Figure and ground perception
- Perception of movement
- Perceptual defense, vigilance, and time perception
- Visual illusions

Week 5-7: Practical Work in Perception*

- Meaningful vs. nonsense learning
- Retroactive inhibition
- Reaction time transfer of training
- Trial position effect under massed and distributed practice
- Whole vs. part learning

Week 8-9: Learning*

- Simple learning and conditioning
- Classical vs. instrumental conditioning
- Basic factors in learning and performance
- Role of reinforcement in learning
- Contemporary theories of learning

• Transfer of training

Week 10-11: Memory*

- Theories of memory
- Compartments of memory
- Storage and retrieval processes
- Transplantation of memory
- Memory experiments
- Mnemonics for memory improvement

Week 12-14: Thinking and Problem-Solving*

- Nature of thinking
- Concept formation
- Imageless thought controversy
- Set and attitude in thinking
- Creative thinking
- Theories of thinking

Week 15-16: Practical Work in Memory and Thinking*

- Judgment time mapping
- Cetaceous sense spot
- Mental fatigue
- Negative afterimage
- Retention for complete and interrupted tasks
- Thermal adaptation

Assessment Plan:

Assessment 1: Experiment Analysis (Individual)

• Analyze and present findings from a conducted experiment.

- Weeks: 7
- Weightage: 15%

Assessment 2: Research Paper (Individual)

- Write a research paper on a selected topic related to the course content.
- Weeks: 11
- Weightage: 20%

Assessment 3: Practical Experiments (Group)

- Conduct practical experiments in perception, learning, and memory.
- Weeks: 5, 9, 16
- Weightage: 30%

Assessment 4: Midterm Exam (Individual)

- Comprehensive examination covering the first half of the course.
- Weeks: 8
- Weightage: 15%

Assessment 5: Final Exam (Individual)

- Comprehensive examination covering all course topics.
- Weeks: 16
- Weightage: 20%

Note: This is a suggested course outline and assessment plan. Adjustments and additional readings/resources may be made by the instructor as needed.

Course Details:

Course Title: Positive Psychology

Course Code: PSY2210

Credit Hours: 03 Semester 4

Tutor Information:

Course Tutor:

Course Description: Positive Psychology is the scientific study of the strengths and virtues that enable individuals and communities to thrive. Positive Psychology focuses on how to live a meaningful and fulfilling life, cultivate what is best within people, and enhance people's experiences of love, work, and play.

Course Objectives: This class is a participatory seminar based on short presentations and discussion. We will discuss assigned readings, audiovisual materials, and discoveries gleaned from experiential exercises. Participants are expected to carefully review readings before class and contribute actively in seminar discussions.

Learning Outcomes:

- Become familiar with the core theories and topics relevant to Positive Psychology
- research and intervention
- Summarize, discuss, and critically analyze scientific journal articles in the field of Positive Psychology
- Debate critical issues in the field of Positive Psychology
- Experience first-hand exercises developed to enhance well-being by leaders in the field of Positive Psychology.
- Skillfully reflect upon and discuss your experiences with these exercises.
- Understand the scientific roots of these exercises.

| Course Content | | | | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Week 1 | Positive Introductions | | | | |
| | Positive Psychology- Introduction | | | | |
| Week 2 | Dimensions of Positive Psychology (Subjective, Individual, Societal levels) Why Positive Psychology is needed today? (Early Missions of Psychology) | | | | |
| Week 3 | Brief History of Positive Psychology (Early Hebrews, Greeks, Early Christianity, Middle ages, Renaissance, Romanticism, Twentieth Century) | | | | |

| Week 4 | Emotions and Motivation in Positive Psychology | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Evolutionary Need and Biology of Positive Emotions | | | | |
| | Different Roles of Positive and Negative Emotions | | | | |
| | The Broaden and Build Model | | | | |
| Week 5 | Positive Emotional States and Processes | | | | |
| | The Principles of Pleasure: Understanding Positive Affect, | | | | |
| | Positive Emotions, Happiness, and Well-Being | | | | |
| Week 6 | Positive Cognitive States and Processes | | | | |
| | Self Efficacy | | | | |
| | Optimism | | | | |
| Week 7 | Норе | | | | |
| | Wisdom | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Week 8 | Courage & Mindfulness | | | | |
| | Flow | | | | |
| Week 9 | Altruism, Gratitude, and Forgiveness | | | | |
| | Attachment, Love, and Flourishing Relationships | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Week 10 | Positive Environments | | | | |
| | Positive Schooling | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Week 11 | Flow | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Week 12 | POSITIVE PSYCHOLOGY WEEK | | | | |
| | (Display of Projects and Campaigns) | | | | |
| | (Display of Frojects and Campaigns) | | | | |
| Week 13 | Positive Coping | | | | |
| | Definitions, Importance and Dimensions | | | | |
| | , I | | | | |
| Week 14 | Positive Development Across the Life Span | | | | |
| · · · · · · · · · | Theories of Innate Potentials | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Week 15 | Religion, Spirituality and Well-being | | | | |
| ,, con 13 | Psychosocial Theories of Spiritual Development | | | | |
| | J | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Assessment detail and Marks Distribution

Mid -term: 25% (Total marks=25) Final -term: 50% (Total marks=50)

Sessional: 25% (Positive Campaigns = 18, Quiz = 7)

- 1. Compton, W. C. & Hoffman, E. (2013). *Positive Psychology: The Science of Happiness and Flourishing*. (2nd ed.) Belmont: Wadsworth.
- 2. Snyder, C. R. & Lopez, S. J. (2007). *Positive psychology: the scientific and practical explorations of human strengths*. USA: Sage.





FOUNDATION UNIVERSITY ISLAMABAD



RAWALPINDI CAMPUS

Department of Psychology

Course Title: Ethical Issues in Psychology Course Code: PSY2208

Credit Hours:3 Semester: 4

Instructor:

Course Description

This is a general ethics course is designed to sensitize students to ethical decision making, including an awareness of ethical issues, knowledge about what constitutes an ethical dilemma, and an understanding of the steps to take when one encounters an ethical dilemma. Ethics will be explored broadly with respect to psychology including research, teaching, practice, as well as more focused topic areas/issues. The learning outcomes will be achieved through assigned readings/tutorials of key ethical standards in the field of psychology (the CPA Code of Ethics for Psychologists, the Tri-Council Policy Statement on Ethical Conduct for Research involving Humans) and supplemented by articles that explore particular issues in depth.

Course Objectives

Students will identify and describe the professional ethical standards, laws, and regulations by which researchers, educators and practitioners are held accountable. Students will apply ethical principles to specific cases. Students will integrate ethical concepts in the context of practice. Students will learn foundational principles of effective supervision, including the roles and best practices of both supervisors and supervisees. Understand the foundational elements of consulting in common contexts. Students will learn about consulting in schools, medical settings, legal settings, and business.

Learning Outcomes

This class is designed to sensitize the students to the special challenges in ethics and professional behavior which psychologists face. Ours is a profession fraught with such difficulties, and the decisions we make sometimes affect lives in powerful ways. Your welfare, and that of your clients and the public, demands constant attention and truly professional behavior.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-------------------|--|------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignment |
| | | | S |
| Week 1 | | | |
| | Introduction. CPA | Gauthier et al (2010). The Universal Declaration of | |
| | code of ethics in | Ethical Principles for Psychologists: A Culture- | |
| | context. | Sensitive Model for Creating and Reviewing a Code | |
| | | of Ethics. Ethics & Behavior, 20(3), 179-196 | |
| Week 2 | Respect for the | CPA Code of Ethics (focus on Principal I) o | |
| | Dignity of | Complete TCPS-2 Tutorial Course on Research | |
| | Persons and | Ethics (CORE): | |
| | Peoples | www.pre.ethics.gc.ca/eng/education/tutorialdidacticie | |
| Week 3 | Responsible | Review Principle II CPA Code o Review Principle III | |
| | Caring and | CPA Code o Why Ethics Codes Fail, L. Stark: | |
| | Integrity in | https://www.insidehighered.com/views/2015 | |
| | Relationships | /07/21/essay-why-scholarly-ethics-codes- | |
| Week 4 | Responsibility to | Review Principle IV CPA Code o Kakkad (2005). A | |
| | Society | new ethical praxis: Psychologists' emerging | |
| | | responsibilities in issues of social justice. Ethics & | |
| | | Behavior, 15(4), 293-308. | |
| Week 5 | Ethics in | Articles Review & Case studies discussion | |
| | Psychotherapy | | |
| Week 6 | Multiple-Role | Pope, K. S., & Keith-Spiegel, P. (2008). A practical | |
| | Relationships | approach to boundaries in psychotherapy: Making | |
| | | decisions, bypassing blunders, and mending fences. | |
| | | Journal of Clinical Psychology, 64, 638-652. | |
| Week 7 | Dangerousness | APA Specialty Guidelines for Forensic Psychology | |
| | and Suicidality; | Zimmerman, J., Hess, A. K., McGarrah, N. A., | |
| | Practice | Benjamin, G. A. H., Ally, G. A., Gollan, J. K., & | |
| | Standards – | Kaser-Boyd, N. (2009). Ethical and professional | |
| | Forensic, Child | considerations in divorce and child custody cases. | |
| | Custody, | Professional Psychology: Research and Practice, 40, | |
| | Lesbian/Gay/Bise | 539-549. APA Guidelines for Child Custody | |
| | xual Clients | Evaluations in Family Law Proceedings | |
| Week 8 | Ethical Issues in | Tunick, Mednick, & Conroy (2011). A snapshot of | |
| | Treatment / | child psychologists' social media activity: | |
| | Consultation / | Professional and ethical practice implications and | |
| | Practice | recommendations. Professional Psychology: | |
| | | Research and Practice, 42, 440- 447. o Pipes et al. | |
| | | (2005). Examining the personal professional | |
| *** | | distinction. American Psychologist, 60, 325-334 | |
| Week 9 | Dura et la c | Mid Term | |
| Week | Practice | APA Guidelines for Prevention in Psychology | |
| 10& 11 | Standards | APA Guidelines for the Practice of | |

| Week 18 | | Final Term | |
|-------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | for Counseling | N | |
| & 17 | Ethical guidelines | | |
| Week 16 | Professional & | Video tutorials & Case studies | |
| | | York: Springer. | |
| | | to integrating services (chapters 1 and 10). New | |
| | | Behavioral consultation and primary care: A guide | |
| | Soungs | 297-316. Robinson, P. J., & Reiter, J. T. (2007). | |
| W 13 | Settings | Educational & Psychological Consultation, 6(4), | |
| & 15 | Schools, Medical | model for service delivery in the schools. Journal of | |
| Week 14 | Consultation – | Rosenfield, S. (1995). Instructional consultation: A | |
| | | uninformed court. Journal of Forensic Psychology Practice, 12(1), 1-34. | |
| | | Safeguarding expert testimony and protecting the | |
| | | (2012). Peer-reviewed forensic consultation: | |
| | | 108-118. Welner, M. Mastellon, T., & Stewart J. J. | |
| | | Psychology Journal: Practice and Research, 64(2), | |
| | | client in organizational consultation? Consulting | |
| | | L., Simpson, D. B., & Choi, N. (2012). Who is the | |
| | | Allen & Bacon/Pearson. Fuqua, D. R., Newman, J. | |
| | Industry, Courts | and practice (5th ed.). Upper Saddle River, NJ: | |
| 12& 13 | Business and | Psychological consultation: Introduction to theory | |
| Week | Consultation | Brown, D., Pryzwansky, W., & Schulte, A. (2002). | |
| | | Protection Matters | |
| | | Guidelines for Psychological Evaluations in Child | |
| | | and Age-Related Cognitive Change APA | |
| | Protection | APA Guidelines for the Evaluation of Dementia | |
| | Dementia, Child | Intervention with Persons with Disabilities | |
| | Disability, | APA Guidelines for Assessment of and | |
| | Older Adults, | Older Adults | |
| | Women/Girls, | APA Guidelines for Psychological Practice with | |
| | Telepsychology, | Girls and Women | |
| | Psychology, | APA Guidelines for Psychological Practice with | |
| | Prevention | Telepsychology | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|----------|-------|

| Sessional Marks (Assignments, | 25 |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| Quizzes,Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

Essential Ethics for Psychologists: A Primer for Understanding and Mastering Core Issues by **Thomas F. Nagy, PhD**

Ethics for Psychologists: A Casebook Approach by <u>G. Andrew H. Benjamin</u>, <u>Amy Davis</u>, <u>Liang Tien</u>, <u>Thomas H. Arnold</u>

CIVICS AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

UGE Policy V 1.1: General Education Course

Credits: 02 Pre-Requisite: Nil

Offering: Undergraduate Degrees (including Associate Degrees)

Placement: 1 - 4 Semesters

Type: General Education

Fields: All

DESCRIPTION

This course is designed to provide students with fundamental knowledge about civics, citizenship, and community engagement. Students will learn about the essentials of civil society, government, civic responsibilities, inclusivity, and effective ways to participate in shaping the society which will help them apply theoretical knowledge to the real-world situations to make a positive impact on their communities.

COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Demonstrate fundamental understanding of civics, government, citizenship and civil society.
- 2. Understand the concept of community and recognize the significance of community engagement for individuals and groups.
- 3. Recognize the importance of diversity and inclusivity for societal harmony and peaceful coexistence.

SYLLABUS

1. Introduction to Civics and Citizenship:

- Definition of civics, citizenship, and civic engagement.
- Historical evolution of civic participation.
- Types of citizenship: active, participatory, digital, etc.
- The relationship between democracy and citizenship.

1. Civics and Citizenship

- Concepts of civics, citizenship, and civic engagement.
- Foundations of modern society and citizenship.
- Types of citizenship: active, participatory, digital, etc.

2. State, Government and Civil Society

- Structure and functions of government in Pakistan.
- The relationship between democracy and civil society.
- Right to vote and importance of political participation and representation.

3. Rights and Responsibilities

- Overview of fundamental rights and liberties of citizens under Constitution of Pakistan 1973.
- Civic responsibilities and duties.
- Ethical considerations in civic engagement (accountability, non-violence, peaceful dialogue, civility, etc.)

4. Community Engagement

- · Concept, nature and characteristics of community.
- Community development and social cohesion.
- Approaches to effective community engagement.
- · Case studies of successful community driven initiatives.

5. Advocacy and Activism

• Public discourse and public opinion.

Lulean

- Role of advocacy in addressing social issues.
- · Social action movements.

6. Digital Citizenship and Technology

- The use of digital platforms for civic engagement.
- Cyber ethics and responsible use of social media.
- Digital divides and disparities (access, usage, socioeconomic, geographic, etc.) and their impacts on citizenship.

7. Diversity, Inclusion and Social Justice:

- Understanding diversity in society (ethnic, cultural, economic, political etc.).
- Youth, women and minorities' engagement in social development.
- Addressing social inequalities and injustices in Pakistan.
- Promoting inclusive citizenship and equal rights for societal harmony and peaceful coexistence.

SUGGESTED PRACTICAL ACTIVITIES (OPTIONAL)

As part of the overall learning requirements, the course may have one or a combination of the following practical activities:

- 1. Community Storytelling: Students can collect and share stories from community members. This could be done through oral histories, interviews, or multimedia presentations that capture the lived experiences and perspectives of diverse individuals.
- 2. Community Event Planning: Students can organize a community event or workshop that addresses a specific issue or fosters community interaction. This could be a health fair, environmental cleanup, cultural festival, or educational workshop.
- 3. Service-Learning: Students can collaborate with a local nonprofit organization or community group. They can actively contribute by volunteering their time and skills to address a particular community need, such as tutoring, mentoring, or supporting vulnerable populations.
- 4. Cultural Exchange Activities: Students can organize a cultural exchange event that celebrates the diversity within the community. This could include food tastings, performances, and presentations that promote cross-cultural understanding.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL / READING MATERIALS

- 1. "Civics Today: Citizenship, Economics, & You" by McGraw-Hill Education
- 2. "Citizenship in Diverse Societies" by Will Kymlicka and Wayne Norman.
- 3. "Engaging Youth in Civic Life" by James Youniss and Peter Levine.
- 4. "Digital Citizenship in Action: Empowering Students to Engage in Online Communities" by Kristen Mattson.
- 5. "Globalization and Citizenship: In the Pursuit of a Cosmopolitan Education" by Graham Pike and David Selby.
- 6. "Community Engagement: Principles, Strategies, and Practices" by Becky J. Feldpausch and Susan M. Omilian.
- 7. "Creating Social Change: A Blueprint for a Better World" by Matthew Clarke and Marie-Monique Steckel.

Fuellair

Instructor:Mr. Course Title: Psychopathology-I

Course Code: PSY3216 Semester: V

Crd Hrs: 3

Course description

Course consist of detail and in depth study of psychological disorders in children and adolescents, their diagnostic criteria and associated features, prevalence, development and course, differential diagnosis and co-morbidity.

Course Objectives

The Course specifically enables the students to diagnose mental disorders commonly present in children and adolescents while using the Diagnostic & Statistic Manual of Mental Disorders.

Learning Outcomes

At the completion of this course students will get the ability to apply course materials to case studies of individuals by using manual DSM-5.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|------|----------------------------|--|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week | DSM | DSM IV & DSM V Classification of | |
| 1 | | Mental Disorders | |
| | | 7 Biggest Changes from DSM-IV to | |
| | | DSM-V | |
| | | Changes from DSM 5 to DSM 5 TR | |
| | | What Replaces NOS? | |
| Week | Introduction of | Definition of a Mental Disorder | |
| 2 | psychological Disorders | The Purposes of Diagnosis, Diagnostic Approaches | |
| | | DSM-5 Structure and Use | |
| Week | Neuro | Intellectual Developmental Disorders | |
| 3 | developmental | Communication Disorders | |
| | disorders | | |
| Week | | Autism Spectrum Disorder | |
| 4 | | | |

| Week | | Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder | |
|------|----------------------|---|--|
| 5 | | 71 | |
| Week | | Specific Learning Disorder | |
| 6 | | Motor Disorders | |
| Week | Elimination | Enuresis | |
| 7 | Disorders | Encopresis | |
| Week | Feeding & Eating | Pica | |
| 8 | Disorders | Rumination Disorder | |
| | | Avoidant/Restrictive Food Intake Disorder | |
| Week | | Mid Term | |
| 9 | | | |
| | | Anorexia Nervosa | |
| Week | | Bulimia Nervosa | |
| 10 | | Binge Eating Disorder | |
| | | Other Specified Eating/ Feeding Disorders | |
| Week | Disruptive, Impulse | | |
| 11 | Control & Conduct | Intermittent Explosive Disorder | |
| | Disorders | Conduct Disorder | |
| Week | 213014013 | Pyromania | |
| 12 | | Kleptomania | |
| | | Other Specified & Unspecified Disorders | |
| Week | Depressive & | Disruptive Mood Dysregulation Disorder | |
| 13 | Anxiety Disorders | Major Depressive Disorder | |
| | 12222007 2 2502 4025 | Separation Anxiety Disorder | |
| | | Selective Mutism | |
| | | Specific Phobia | |
| Week | Trauma & Stress | Reactive Attachment Disorder | |
| 14 | Related Disorders | Disinhibited Social Engagement Disorder | |
| | | PTSD in Children | |
| | | Adjustment Disorders | |
| Week | Other Conditions | Relational Problems Suicidal Behavior and | |
| 15 | | Non-suicidal self-injury | |
| | of Clinical | Abuse & Neglect | |
| | Attention | Educational Problems | |
| Week | Gender Dysphoria | Gender dysphoria | |
| 16 | J. F. 1.200 | , i | |
| Week | | Course Review | |
| 17 | | Course Review | |
| Week | | Final Term | |
| 18 | | 2 | |
| | | | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

- 5. American Psychiatric Association. (2013). *Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders* (5th ed.). Washington, DC.
- 6. Additional readings as required

Course Title: Psychological Assessment+Practical Course Code: PSY3212

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: V

Instructor:

Course Description

An introduction to theories and principles of psychological testing and measurement and to a variety of standardized tests of intelligence, personality, achievement, interest, neuropsychology and other areas.

Course Objectives

To introduce the student to the basic theoretical psychometric concepts and use of psychological tests. Main course objectives include understanding of the basic principles of psychological measurement and the techniques of test construction, administration, and validation. Test rationale, construction, characteristics and the use of evaluation are emphasized.

Learning Outcomes

Understand statistical concepts, including scales of measurement, measures of central tendency, indices of variability, shapes and types of distributions, and correlations. Understand reliability, validity, and understanding social and cultural factors related to the assessment and evaluation of individuals, groups, and specific populations.

| Week | Topic | | Contents | | Self- |
|---------|---------------|-----|----------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | | | a. | Definition | |
| | Psychological | | b. | Nature of Psychological | |
| | Assessment | and | | assessment | |
| | tests: | | c. | Psychological testing | |
| | | | d. | Types and uses | |
| | | | e. | Control in use of | |
| | | | | psychological tests | |
| Week 2 | Psychological | | e. | Control in use of | |
| ,,,,,,, | Assessment | and | | psychological tests | |
| | tests: | | f. | Sources of information | |

| | | I I | |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------------------------|--------|
| | | about tests | |
| | | g. Ethics of | |
| | | psychological testing | |
| | | h. Standards of testing and test | |
| | | administration | |
| Week 3 | History of | | |
| WCCK 5 | psychological | b. Rise of modern | |
| | testing: | psychological testing | |
| | lg. | c. Current status and | |
| | | controversies | |
| Week 4 | Test construction | a. A general introduction | Quiz 1 |
| | and adaptation: | b. Characteristics of a good | |
| | | psychological test | |
| | | c. Steps of test construction | |
| | | and adaptation. | |
| | | | |
| Week 5 | Item writing: | a. Types of items | |
| | | b. General guidelines for | |
| | | writing items | |
| | | c. Methods of scoring | |
| Week 6 | Item analysis: | a. Meaning and purpose of | |
| WCCH O | item unarysis. | item analysis | |
| | | b. Item difficulty | |
| | | c. Item discrimination | |
| | | d. Item distracters | |
| | | e. Factors influencing item | |
| | | difficulty and item | |
| | | discrimination | |
| | | | |
| Week 7 | Item analysis: | i. Item response theory | |
| | | g. Item characteristic | |
| | | curves. | |
| | | h. Problems of item | |
| | | h. Problems of item analysis: Cross | |
| | | Validation. | |
| | | | |
| | | i. Item analysis of tests. | |

| Week 8 | Reliability: | a. Introduction | |
|---------|--------------|--|--------------|
| | | b. Types of reliability | Assignment 1 |
| | | c. Measurement | of |
| | | reliability | |
| | | d. Test-retest, split- | -half |
| | | reliability | |
| | | e. Parallel forms and in | nter- |
| | | rater reliability | |
| | | f. Cronbach alpha. | |
| | | g. Factors influen | cing |
| | | reliability of test sco | res |
| | | h. Improving reliabilit | y of |
| | | tests. | |
| | | | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Validity: | a. Introduction | |
| | | b. Types of validity | |
| | | c. Face / Con | 1 |
| | | Criterion, Concur | 1 |
| | | Predictive and Cons | truct |
| | | validity | |
| | | d. Relation of validity | y & |
| | | reliability | |
| | | e. Convergent & diver | gent |
| | | validation | c |
| | | f. Statistical methods | IOI |
| | | calculating validity | |
| | | g. Threats to validity | to |
| | | h. Handling threats internal and exte | to ernal |
| | | validity. | |
| | | validity. | |
| Week 11 | Test norms | a. Introduction | |
| | | b. Types of norms | |
| | | c. Steps in develo | ping |
| | | norms | |
| | | d. Relativity of norms | |
| | | e. Cut-off scores. | |
| | | | |
| Week 12 | Test norms | f. Response sets in test | |

| | | g. Meaning of response sets Types of response sets h. Implications of response sets Methods to eliminate response sets | |
|---------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Week 13 | Use of Psychological tests: | Beck's depression Inventory | |
| Week 14 | | Rotter Incomplete Sentences Blank | |
| Week 15 | | Bender-Gestalt Test | |
| Week 16 | | Childhood Autism Rating Scale | |
| Week 17 | | House tree Person | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | |

A Research Article based on new test development should be submitted as partial fulfillment of this course. (for 1 credit hour)

Marks Distribution:

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

- 1. Anastasia, A. (1988). *Psychological testing* (6th ed.). New York: Macmillan. Anastassi, A., & Urbina, S. (1997). *Psychological testing* (7th ed.). New York: Prentice-HallInc.
- 2. Cronbach, L. J. (1970). *Essentials of psychological testing*(3rd ed.). London: Harper & Row Publishers.
- 3. Thorndike R. L., & Hagen, E. P. (1995). Measurement and evaluation in psychology

Credit Hours:3 Semester: 5

Instructor:

Course Description

Research Methodology is understanding of research through critical exploration of research language, ethics and approaches.

Course Objectives

- 1. The course will enable the students to select research designs, methodologies, and measurement strategies used in social work research, and be able to assess the strengths and weaknesses.
- 2. Understand research concepts to permit a critical analysis of research and evaluation studies with respect to quality, bias, ethics, and potential applications.
- 3. Apply research concepts and principles in the development and use of qualitative and quantitative methodologies and analytical approaches.

Learning Outcomes

At the completion of the course the student will be able to:

- 6. Knowledge of research concepts and processes and they will be able to critically evaluate different qualitative and quantitative research methods.
- 7. Make decisions and follow steps involved in designing and executing a qualitative and quantitative research plan.
- 8. Design, conduct, analyze and interpret findings of an empirical investigation.
- 9. Read through and evaluate research papers in scientific journals.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Experimental | a. Experimental method: | |
| | ResearchMethods | Control and variability | , |
| | | logic, characteristics | |
| | | b. Independent measure | |
| | | designs/Between group | |

| | | design Random group design. c. Alternative independent groups design. d. Methodological issues: Individual differences; Assigning conditions. e. Repeated Measures designs/Within group design. f. Advantages and methodological issues: Differential carry-over effect, and general practice effect Complex designs Small N designs Classical, After – only, Before – after no control group, Crossover, Solomon four- group, and Factorial designs | |
|--------|--------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| Week 2 | Quasi- Experimental Designs | Retrospective \ Ex Post Facto Designs Prospective Quasi – Experimental Designs Time Series Designs Event – Specific Alignment DesignsTwin Studies and Adoption Studies | Lecture + Quiz 1 |
| Week 3 | Small N design/ single case research | Types of Single-Case Designs Reversal Designs ABA Reversal Designs ABAB Reversal Designs Multiple-Baseline Designs | |
| Week 4 | Small N design/ single case research | Multiple Baselines across Participants Multiple Baselines across Behaviors | |

| | | Multiple Baselines across | |
|------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------|
| | | Situations | |
| Week 5 | Time dimension In | Cross sectional | |
| | research | Longitudinal | |
| | | Panel | |
| | | Cohort' | |
| | | Time series | |
| | | Practice: article review (how article incorporate time dimension in research) | |
| Week 6 | Qualitative Research Methods | Ethnographic studies Content Analysis/ thematic analysis Practice: content analysis of book, pictures, videos, interview | Lecture+ Assignment 1 |
| Week 7 | | Revision Class | Lecture+ Quiz 2 |
| Week 8 | Time dimension In | Cross sectional | |
| | research | Longitudinal | |
| | | Panel | |
| | | Cohort' | |
| | | Time series | |
| | | Practice: article review (how article incorporate time dimension in research) | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Reference writing | APA reference writing using APA 7 | lecture |
| 10 | | Manual+ endnote | lecture |
| Week | Reference writing | APA reference writing using APA 7 | |
| 11 | | Manual+ endnote | lecture |
| Week | | Grounded theory | Lecture+ |
| 12 | | | Presentation |
| Week | | Grounded theory | Lecture+ |

| 13 | | | Presentation |
|------------|-------------------------|---|--------------|
| Week | | Focus group | |
| 14 | | | Lecture+ |
| | | | Presentation |
| Week | | Interpretative phenomenological analysis | |
| 15 | | Revision Class | Quiz 3 |
| Week | ReportingInvestigations | Results and tables, References and | |
| 16 | | Citations | |
| Week | | Research project should be submitted as a | |
| 17 | | partial fulfillment of this course | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

- 1. Ellis, L. (1994). *Researchmethodsinthesocialsciences*. Madison: Brown&Benchmark Publishers.
- 2. Goodwin, C. J. (2002). *Research in psychology: Methods and design*. (3rd ed.). New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. Kerlinger, F. N. (1986). Foundations of behavioral research. New York: Holt Rinehart & Winston, Inc.
- 4. Shaughnessy, J. J., Zechmeister, E. B., & Zechmeister, J. S. (2005). *Research methods in psychology* (5th ed.). Singapore: McGraw-Hill.

Course Title: Developmental Psychology Course Code: PSY3215

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: BS-5th

Instructor:

Course Description

The purpose of this course is to develop a broad understanding of normative developmental across infancy, childhood, adolescence and adulthood, focusing on developmental changes and the variables that influence those changes.

Course Objectives

To think critically about genetic and environmental contributions to development, examining some of the primary theoretical, empirical and methodological influences on these fields of study. Understand the crisis and their effects on the individual developmental stages throughout the lifespan.

Learning Outcomes

Upon completion of this course, students should be able to:

Understand the basic developmental patterns and typical developmental milestones reached in infancy, childhood, adolescence, early adulthood, middle adulthood and late adulthood. Think critically about issues relevant to human development. Make connection between theories in human development and actual child and adult behaviors. Use research strategies to investigate human development as well as use critical thinking skills necessary to evaluate the results and conclusion drawn from such research.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|--------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Introduction | What is Developmental | |
| | | Psychology? | |
| | | Nature & Scope | |
| Week 2 | | Growth and development | |
| | | concept and definitions | |

| | | key aspects of developmental | |
|---------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | Psychology | |
| Week 3 | Human Development | Principles of Human | |
| | 1 | Development | |
| | | Change and Continuity in | |
| | | Development | |
| | | Direction of Development | |
| | | Individual Differences in | |
| | | development | |
| | | Predicable nature of human | |
| | | development | |
| Week 4 | | Role of Maturation and Learning | |
| | | Early development and critical | |
| | | period versus later development | |
| | | Role of social expectations in | |
| | | development | |
| Week 5 | | Aspects of Development | |
| | | Physical, emotional, cognitive, | |
| | | and social development | |
| | | Potential hazards | |
| | | Satisfaction at various stages of | |
| | | development | |
| Week 6 | Studying Human | Ethical Issues In human | |
| | Development | development | |
| | | Difficulties in study of human | |
| | | development | |
| Week 7 | | Research Designs used in DP | |
| | | Experimental research design | |
| | | Epidemiological Studies | |
| Week 8 | | Course Review | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Factors Affecting | Hereditary | |
| | Development | Environmental | |
| | | Home and culture | |
| | | Socioeconomic | |
| | | Normative | |
| | | Education & training | |
| | | Nature vs. Nurture | |
| | Childhood | 1)Stages of Childhood | |

| | development | development | |
|---------|----------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | 2)Challenges in childhood | |
| XX1-11 | Theories of | XI | |
| Week 11 | | Vygotskian perspectives | |
| | Development in | Jean Piaget theory | |
| | Childhood | Character Styles by Johnson | |
| | | S.M | |
| Week 12 | Adolescent | Physical and cognitive | |
| | development | development | |
| | | Social and emotional | |
| | | development; | |
| Week 13 | | Kohlberg's theory of moral | |
| | | development | |
| Week 14 | | Erikson Psychosocial theory | |
| | | Adulthood development | |
| | | (Aspects of development) | |
| Week 15 | Adulthood | Stages of adulthood | |
| | development | Theories related to adulthood | |
| | | period | |
| | | challenges in adulthood | |
| Week 16 | Geriatrics and | Development in old age | |
| | Gerontology | Challenges | |
| | | Death and Dying | |
| Week 17 | | Review | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

- 1. Berk, L. E., & Meyers, A. B. (2017). *Child Development* (9th ed). Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. Berk, E.L. (2000). Child development (5th ed). Boston: Allyn & Bacon.
- 3. Patricia H. Miller. Theories of developmental psychology (5th ed). Worth Publishers
- 4. Papalia, E.D...Olds, W.S., & Feldman, D.R.(2000).Human development (8th ed).New York: McGraw-Hills
- 5. Sprinthall, N.A., & Collins, W.A. (1984). Adolescent psychology: A developmental view. (3rd ed). USA: McGraw-Hills.
- 6. Hurlock, E.B.: Child Growth and Development, TATA McGraw-Hill Publishing Company LTD., New Delhi, 5th Edition,

Course Title: Statistics in Psychology Course Code: PSY3214

Credit Hours: 03 Semester: V

Instructor:

Course Description

An introduction to Standard and nonparametric approaches to statistical analysis; exploratory data analysis, elementary probability, sampling distributions, estimation and hypothesis testing, one- and two-sample procedures, regression and correlation. Learning to do statistical analysis on a personal computer is an integral part of the course.

Course Objectives

- This course is designed to train the students in theoretical as well as applied statistics, with particular reference to psychology.
- The statistical analysis is a very essential part of psychological research and students need to grasp the concepts, theoretical rationale, use of certain statistical analysis, and also to learn to carry out thesis analysis.

Learning Outcomes

- Students attending this course will be able to understand the basic operations of SPSS.
- Also, they will be able to enter data in SPSS and apply basic statistical analyses.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Introduction and | Descriptive Statistics | |
| | Review of Statistics | Inferential Statistics | |
| Week 2 | Inferential Statistics | Terminology | |
| | | Population, sample, parameter, | |
| | | statistic, Measurement Levels | |
| Week 3 | Hypothesis testing | Introduction, Statistical problem, | |
| | | null and alternative hypothesis, | |
| | | Type-I and Type-II errors | |
| Week 4 | | Level of significance, Test | Practice Exercises |
| | | statistics, acceptance and rejection | |
| | | regions, general procedure for | |
| | | testing of hypothesis | |
| Week 5 | Parametric & Non- | Difference | |
| | parametric tests | Assumptions | |

| | | Introducing Parametric Tests | |
|---------------|---|--|--------------------|
| Week 6 Week 7 | Testing of Hypothesis- Single Population | Introduction, Testing of hypothesis and confidence interval about the population mean and proportion for small and large samples Review and Practice | Quiz |
| Week 8 | Testing of Hypotheses- | | Quiz |
| vvecir o | Two or more Populations | l <u>.</u> . | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | | Analysis of Variance and ANOVA Table. Types and uses of different Post-hoc analysis | Practice Exercises |
| Week 11 | Testing of Hypothesis- | Introduction, Contingency | |
| | Independence of Attributes | Tables, Testing of hypothesis about the Independence of attributes. Chi Square, Phi & Kramer's V | |
| Week 12 | Correlation | Correlation. Coefficient of linear correlation, its estimation and interpretation. | Practice Exercises |
| Week 13 | Regression | Introduction, cause and effect relationships, examples, simple linear regression, estimation of parameters and their interpretation. | |
| Week 14 | | Types of Regression, Multiple regression, and interpretation of its parameters. Examples | |
| Week 15 | | Mediation and Moderation analysis, introduction, difference, estimation and interpretation | |
| Week 16 | Non parametric Tests | When and where to use? Non parametric tests for single, two, two or more populations | Quiz |

| Week 18 | regression Final Term |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| | contingency, correlation and |
| | independence of attributes and |
| Week 17 | Nonparametric tests for |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

- Field, A. (2017). *Discovering Statistics using SPSS*. (5th ed.). London: Sage Publishers.
- Bluman, A. G. (2014). *Elementary Statistics*. (9th ed.). New York: McGraw-Hill.

Semester V Course Code: PSY3110 Crd Hrs: 3

Course Title: Educational Psychology

Course Objectives

The students will be able to apply learning theories to classroom situations. Examine the importance of the psychology of the individual to the development of self- esteem, cooperative learning, individual differences, motivation and learning styles. Describe the relationships of teachers, parents, and students that lead to a productive learning environment. Articulate their own beliefs about education and the role of educational psychology.

Course Contents

- 1. Educational Psychology defined: Nature and Scope
- 2. Introduction to development
- 3. Individual Differences: Intelligence, Cognitive styles
- 4. Learner's Characteristics: Abilities, Motivation, Interest, Aptitude
- 5. Learning theories and practical applications of behavioral, cognitive and constructivist approaches
- 6. Characteristics of a Good Teacher
- 7. Counseling and Vocational Guidance
- 8. Behavior Modification
- 9. Designs of Evaluation
- 10. Psychology of teaching (constructivism)
- 11. Special Education:
- 12. Segregated education; integrated education; inclusive education
- 13. Class Room Management: Managing the Class Room Methods of Control

RECOMMENDED BOOKS:

- 1. Borich, G. D., & Tombari, M. L. (1997). *Educational psychology: A contemporary approach* (2nded.). New York: Addison Wesley Longman, Inc.
- 2. Cartwright, G. P., Cartwright, C. A. & Ward, M. E. (1985). *Educating special learners* (2nd ed.). California: Wadsworth Publishing Company.
- 3. Crow, L., & Crow, A. (2000). *Educational psychology*. New Delhi: Eurosia PublishingHouseLtd.
- 4. Lefranceis, G.R (1988) Psychology for Teaching (6th ed.). California: Wordsworth Publishing Co.
- 5. Slavin, R. (1994). *Educational* psychology. Boston Allyn & Bacon. Sprinthall, N., & Sprinthall, R. (1987). Educational psychology: A developmental approach (4thed.). New York: Raudom House.

Course Description:

Educational Psychology is a comprehensive course that explores the psychological principles and theories relevant to education. This course provides students with the knowledge and skills to apply learning theories to classroom situations, understand individual differences among learners, and create productive learning environments. It also covers topics such as teacher characteristics, counseling, behavior modification, and special education.

Course Objectives:

By the end of this course, students should be able to:

CLO 1: Apply Learning Theories

• Utilize learning theories (behavioral, cognitive, and constructivist) to analyze and address classroom situations.

CLO 2: Understand Individual Differences

• Examine the importance of individual differences in areas such as intelligence, cognitive styles, abilities, motivation, interests, and aptitudes.

CLO 3: Describe Teacher Characteristics

• Identify the characteristics that make an effective teacher.

CLO 4: Explore Counseling and Vocational Guidance

• Understand the role of counseling and vocational guidance in the educational process.

CLO 5: Discuss Behavior Modification

 Explain the principles and practical applications of behavior modification in educational settings.

CLO 6: Evaluate Learning Environments

• Evaluate the designs of evaluation used in educational contexts.

CLO 7: Analyze the Psychology of Teaching

• Analyze the psychology of teaching, particularly constructivist approaches.

CLO 8: Understand Special Education

 Discuss various models of special education, including segregated, integrated, and inclusive education.

CLO 9: Manage Classroom

• Develop strategies for effective classroom management and methods of control.

CLO 10: Reflect on Beliefs About Education

• Articulate personal beliefs about education and the role of educational psychology.

Course Outline:

Week 1-2: Educational Psychology Defined

Nature and scope of educational psychology

Week 3-4: Introduction to Development

• Understanding human development and its relevance to education

Week 5-6: Individual Differences

- Intelligence and its impact on learning
- Cognitive styles and their influence on education

Week 7-8: Learner's Characteristics

- Abilities and their role in the learning process
- Motivation, interest, and aptitude as determinants of academic performance

Week 9-10: Learning Theories

- Behavioral approach to learning
- Cognitive approach to learning
- Constructivist approach to learning
- Practical applications of learning theories in the classroom

Week 11-12: Characteristics of a Good Teacher

Traits and qualities of effective educators

Week 13-14: Counseling and Vocational Guidance

- The importance of counseling in education
- Vocational guidance for students

Week 15-16: Behavior Modification, Evaluation, and Classroom Management

• Principles and applications of behavior modification

- Evaluation methods in education
- Strategies for classroom management

Assessment Plan:

Assessment 1: Quiz (Individual)

• Quiz on the nature and scope of educational psychology.

Assessment 2: Assignment (Individual)

• Research assignment on a topic related to individual differences in education.

Assessment 3: Midterm Exam (Individual)

• Comprehensive examination covering course content up to Week 8.

Assessment 4: Presentation (Group)

• Group presentation on the psychology of teaching and constructivist approaches.

Assessment 5: Final Exam (Individual)

• Comprehensive examination covering all course topics.

Assessment 6: Reflective Essay (Individual)

• Essay on personal beliefs about education and the role of educational psychology.





FOUNDATION UNIVERSITY ISLAMABAD



RAWALPINDI CAMPUS

Department of Psychology

Course Title: Psychopathology II Course Code: PSY3217

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: BS-VI

Instructor:

Course description

Course consist of detail and in depth study of psychological disorders their diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features associated features prevalence development and course Differential diagnosis co morbidity.

Course Objectives

The Course specifically enables the students to diagnose mental disorders while using the Diagnostic & Statistic Manual of Mental Disorders.

Learning Outcomes

At the completion of this course students will get the ability to apply course materials to case studies of individuals by using manual DSM-5.

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-----------------|--|-------------|
| | | | Study/Assig |
| | | | nments |
| Week 1 | Schizophrenia | Delusional Disorder | |
| | Spectrum & | Brief Psychotic, Schizophreniform, | |
| | Other Psychotic | Schizophrenia, Schizoaffective Disorders | |
| | Disorders | Catatonia | |
| | | Other Specified Psychotic Disorders | |
| Week 2 | Bipolar & | Bipolar I & II, Cyclothymic Disorder, | |
| | Related | Other specified bipolar disorders, | |
| | Disorders | substance & medication induced | |
| | | Specifiers | |
| Week 3 | Depressive | Major Depressive Disorder, Persistent | |
| | Disorders | Depressive Disorder, Premenstrual | |
| | | Dysphoric Disorder, Other Specified, | |

| | | Medication & Substance induced | |
|---------|-----------------------|---|------------|
| | | Specifiers | |
| Week 4 | Anxiety | Social Anxiety Disorders | |
| | Disorders | Generalized Anxiety Disorder | |
| | | Panic Disorder + Panic Attack Specifier | |
| | | Agoraphobia | |
| | | Substance, Medication Induced, other | |
| | | medical conditions, specified disorders | |
| Week 5 | Obsessive | Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, | |
| | Compulsive & | Body Dysmorphic Disorder | |
| | Related | Hoarding Disorder | |
| | Disorders | Excoriation Disorder | |
| | | Trichotillomania | |
| | | Other Specified Disorders | |
| Week 6 | Trauma and | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features | QUIZ |
| | Stress Related | associated features prevalence | |
| | Disorders | development and course Differential | |
| | | diagnosis co morbidity. | |
| Week 7 | Dissociative | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features | Class |
| | Disorder | associated features prevalence | Activity |
| | | development and course Differential | |
| | | diagnosis co morbidity. | |
| Week 8 | Somatic | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features | Assignment |
| | Symptom and | associated features prevalence | |
| | Related | development and course Differential | |
| | Disorder | diagnosis co morbidity. | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Sleep-Wake | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features | |
| | Disorders | associated features prevalence | Assignment |
| | | development and course Differential | |
| | | diagnosis co morbidity. | |
| Week 11 | Substance- | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features | |
| | Related and | associated features prevalence | |
| | Addictive | development and course Differential | |
| | Disorder | diagnosis co morbidity. | |
| Week 12 | Neurocognitive | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features | |
| | Disorders | associated features prevalence | Quiz |

| | | development and course Differential diagnosis co morbidity. | |
|-----------------|--|---|--------------|
| Week 13 Week 14 | Sexual Dysfunctions + Paraphilic Disorders Personality Disorders | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features associated features prevalence development and course Differential diagnosis co morbidity. diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features associated features prevalence | Assignment |
| | Introduction, Cluster A | development and course Differential diagnosis co morbidity. | risorgimient |
| Week 15 | Personality Disorders Cluster B, Cluster C | diagnostic criteria Diagnostic features associated features prevalence development and course Differential diagnosis co morbidity. | |
| Week 16 | Medication Induced Movement disorders Other conditions of clinical focus | Medication Induced Movement disorders Other conditions of clinical focus | |
| Week 17 | | Revision | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | 1 |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

- 7. American Psychiatric Association. (2013). *Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders* (5th ed.). Washington, DC.
- 8. Comer, R. J. (2004). *Abnormal psychology*. USA: Freeman and Company.
- 9. Neale, J.M.& Davison, G. C. (2004). Abnormal psychology. New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- 10. DSM 5 Guidebook (Black)

Course Title: Neurological Basis of Behaviour Course Code: PSY3218

Credit Hours: 3

Course Objectives

This course will cover the underlying biological basis of human behavior including Brain and Glands. It is designed to be an introductory course focusing on the relationship between the nervous system, structure and function of brain, glandular system and human behavior as well as implications of glands and nervous system in psychiatric disorders.

Course Outcome

It is expected that after completion of this course students will:

- Possess a good understanding of structure and function of brain, different parts of nervous system, neurochemistry, and hormones.
- Be able to understand the link between biological factors underlying human behavior and disorders.

It is designed to be an introductory course focusing on the relationship between the nervous system and behavior.

Course Contents

Introduction

- o Brief historical background,
- Current trends in the field of Behavioral neuroscience
- o Contribution of various areas and related disciplines

Structure and Function of Nervous System

- Neurons and Glial cells
- o The neuron: neuronal characteristics, types, transmission and communication systems.
- o Neuro anatomical directional terms and planes of reference
- o Structures of Nervous System, their functions and connections

The central nervous system

- o Fore brain, mid brain, hind brain
- o Spinal cord, peripheral nervous system
- o Autonomic nervous system

Methods of studying the nervous system

o Behavioral research methods of biopsychology

Glands

- o Endocrine glands:
 - o Type of gland,
 - o Function of glands
- o Effect of hormones on human behaviour

Neurochemistry

- Characteristics of neurotransmitters, neuromodulators and neuroHormones
- o Major neurotransmitters
 - o Dopamine
 - Nor epinephrine
 - o Serotonin
 - o Acetylcholine
 - o GABA
 - o Glycine, Peptides (opiates)

Motivation

- Homeostasis
 - o Involvement of brain and neurotransmitters in motivational behavior
- o Aggression
- Sleep and circadian rhythms (types and basic function)
- o Eating behaviour
 - o Weight, Glucose, & Metabolic Regulation

Emotions

- o Hormonal changes in emotion
- o Involvement of brain in emotions

Clinical Neuropsychology

- Introduction to Neuropsychology
- Role of a Neuropsychologist
- Neuropsychological assessment techniques

Memory and Amnesia

- o Involvement of brain in memory
- o Memory disorders (Korsakov, Alzheimer's, Parkinson diseases etc)

Communication

o Brain areas in speech & factors in the development of speech

o Speech abnormalities, speech disorders

Neurological Disorders

- o Epilepsy, Cerebral Palsy, Multiple Sclerosis.
- o Psychiatric disorders with organic/ biochemical etiology: Mood Disorder, Anxiety Disorders, and Schizophrenia, Mental Retardation.

Brain Damage

- o Causes of brain damage: CVA, Head injury, Infections
- o Psychological implications of brain damage

Recommended Books:

Kalat, W.J. (2013). Behavioral Psychology, 11th Edition. Wadsworth, Cenagage Learning.

LECTURE PLAN

| Week | Topics |
|------|--|
| 1. | Introduction to course: Course outline, brief historical background, current trends and |
| | related areas/disciplines |
| 2. | Structure and function of Nervous System: Neurons and glial cells. Video: Resting and |
| | Action potential; video about functions of nervous system |
| 3. | Central nervous system: Fore, mid and hind brain. Neuroanatomical terms and planes of |
| | reference. |
| 4. | Central nervous system: Spinal cord, peripheral nervous system, autonomic nervous |
| | system. Quiz |
| 5. | Neurochemistry: Neurotransmitters and synaptic communication. Life Activity : Daily |
| | life events using different parts of the brain |
| 6. | Neurochemistry: Endocrine glands and function of hormones. Video: behavioral |
| | research methods of biopsychology – summary |
| 7. | Neurochemistry: Hypothalamopituitary axes and their effects. Review of course for |
| | midterms. |
| | Mid-terms |
| - | 26.1 |
| | Mid-terms |
| 8. | Emotions: hormonal changes and brain parts involved + Quiz |
| 9. | Motivation: Aggression – attack and escape behaviors |
| 10. | Internal Regulation: Temperature, thirst, eating |
| 11. | Reproductive behavior, sleep and circadian rhythms |

- 12. Memory + Communication + Assignment clinical neuropsychology.
 13. Group presentations + Review

Course Title: Data Analysis Using SPSS Course Code: PSY3219

Credit Hours: 03 Semester: VI

Instructor:

Course Description

An introduction to Standard and nonparametric approaches to statistical analysis; exploratory data analysis, elementary probability, sampling distributions, estimation and hypothesis testing, one- and two-sample procedures, regression and correlation. Learning to do statistical analysis on a personal computer is an integral part of the course.

Course Objectives

- The statistical analysis is an essential part of psychological research and students need to have a grasp over the concepts, theoretical rational to use certain statistical analysis and also to learn the procedure to carry out these analyses.
- This course is designed to enhance their competence in using SPSS for data processing, entry, analysis and interpretation of output files and also to select and report analysis in form of table and be able to interpret the findings.

Learning Outcomes

After completion of the course the student will be able to:

• Process research data, prepare variable view file, enter data, and select appropriate analysis as per type of data and hypotheses been formulated. Interpret analysis output file, report results in form of tables and graphic form and interpret results in qualitative form in their research report, thesis and research article.

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|-----------------------|--|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | APA reference writing | a. Introduction to APA reference writing style and formatting b. Difference between APA 6th and APA 7th reference writing style | |
| Week 2 | | Exercising reference writing | |

| Week 3 | software packages | a. Introduction to different software packages END Note SPSS AMOS b. Introduction to endnote c. Uses of endnote | |
|--------|--------------------|--|--------------|
| Week 4 | | a. a. Different functions in endnote b. How to make endnote library c. Local library d. Use of online search mode in endnote | Quiz 1 |
| Week 5 | | a. Importing citations and references into endnote b. Cite while you write c. Connecting endnote to word processor | |
| Week 6 | Demonstration | Demonstration of Endnote software | |
| Week 7 | Applied statistics | a. Introduction to Applied statistics b. The research process c. Generating theories d. Levels of measurement e. Data collection: how to measure | |
| Week 8 | | a. Types of variation b. Analyzing data c. Building statistical models d. Mean Median Mode Variability | Assignment 1 |

| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
|---------|--------------------|--|--|
| Week 10 | a. Introduction to | Data Entry | |
| | SPSS | Data formatting and | |
| | | handling | |
| | | Data cleaning | |
| | | Practical demonstration | |
| Week 11 | | Recoding (same and different variable) | |
| | | Computation | |
| | | Use of Syntax file | |
| | | Handling Missing data | |
| | | Measuring reliability | |
| | | Practical demonstration | |
| Week 12 | | Exploring data with graphs | |
| | | Exploring assumptions | |
| Week 13 | | Analyzing Data | |
| | | T test | |
| | | Anova | |
| | | Correlation | |
| | | Practical Demonstration | |
| Week 14 | | Regression | |
| | | Multiple regression | |
| Week 15 | | Mediation | |
| | | Moderation through process MACRO | |
| Week 16 | | Exploratory factor analysis | |
| Week 17 | | Introduction to Amos | |
| | | Confirmatory factor analysis | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

Field, A. (2009). Discovering statistics using SPSS (3rd ed.). Los Angeles: Sage.

Gelfand, H. (2010). Mastering APA style (6th ed.). Los Angeles: Sage.

Kinnear, P. R. (2010). IBM SPSS statistics 18 made simple. New York: Psychology press.

Maran, R. (1995). Windows 95 simplified. Foster City, C.A: IDG Books Worldwide, Inc.

Maran, R., & Wing, K. (1997). Teach yourself word 97. Foster City, C.A: IDG Books worldwide, Inc.

Nelson, K.Y. (1996). Windows 95 is driving me crazy. Berkeley, CA: Peach pit Press.

Person, R. (1993). Using excel version 5 for windows. Indianapolis: Que Corporation.

Rajathi, A., & Chandren, P. (2010). SPSS for you. India: MJM Publisher

Course Title: Teaching & Learning Skills Course Code: PSY3401

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 6

Instructor:

Course Description

This course provides opportunities for students to understand the notion of teaching as a standards-based profession. Students will gain an initial understanding of curriculum theory with an emphasis on the Australian curriculum, the SACE, and the International Baccalaureate. Students will have opportunities to develop effective teaching and learning strategies. The topic demonstrates a variety of instructional approaches for students' learning and engages students with the processes involved in planning, implementing, and evaluating teaching and learning programs.

Course Objectives

A major focus of the course allows students to gain a knowledge and understanding of and respect for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander histories, cultures, and languages, drawing on historical and philosophical knowledge, including learning a basic knowledge of the Kaurna language. Students will participate in the eLearning Program that requires students to own an iPad with pencil and keyboard. The University of Adelaide will assist students with procurement upon enrolment.

Learning Outcomes

Demonstrate broad knowledge and understanding of teaching as a standards based profession. Demonstrate a variety of instructional approaches for student learning that provide achievable challenges for students of varying abilities and characteristics.

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|------------|--------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | PART I | Creating Learning Environment | |
| | Teaching and | | |
| | Assessing | | |
| Week 2 | | Creating Learning Environment | |
| Week 3 | | Teaching Every Student | |
| Week 4 | | Teaching Every Student | |
| Week 5 | | Class Room Assessment, Grading, | |
| | | and Standardized Testing | |
| Week 6 | | Class Room Assessment, Grading, | |
| | | and Standardized Testing | |
| Week 7 | PART II | Learning | |
| Week 8 | | Behaviorism and beginnings of | |
| | | theory | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week | | Behaviorism | |
| 10 | | | |
| Week | | Cognitive, constructivist learning | |
| 11 | | | |
| Week | | Multiple intelligence | |
| 12 | | | |
| Week | | Learning styles | |
| 13 | | | |
| Week | | Learning styles | |
| 14 | | 2100 | |
| Week | | Difficulties with learning | |
| 15 | | Difficulting with 1 | |
| Week | | Difficulties with learning | |
| 16 Week | | Pavision | |
| Week 17 | | Revision | |
| Week | | Final Term | |
| 18 | | I IIIII ICI III | |
| 10 | | | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

Pritchard, A. (2017). Ways of learning: Learning theories for the classroom. Routledge.

Anita Woolfolk Hoy, (2016). Educational Psychology. Boston; Pearson

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: VI

Instructor:

Course Description

The course develops a critical understanding of the role and functions of the various human resource activities in an organization, providing students with a comprehensive review of key HRM concepts, techniques and issues.

Course Objectives

• To provide students understanding of main concepts of Human Resource management and role of Psychologist in HRM.

Learning Outcomes

At the completion of the course, the student will:

• Be able to understand the role of psychologist in HRM and organizational settings and in improving interpersonal interactions in the organizational context.

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Introduction | | lecture |
| | | Historical perspective | |
| | | HRM as a human capital | |
| | | Strategic human resource | |
| | | management | |
| | | | |
| Week 2 | Theoretical models | Integrative models | lecture |
| | of HRM | HERO Model | |
| | | | |
| Week 3 | Job Analysis and Job | Strategic human resource | Quiz 1 |
| | Design | planning | |
| | | | |
| | | Job analysis and Job design: | |
| | | Techniques and strategies | |

| Week 4 | Recruitment, Selection& Placement | Human resource planning and recruitment (recruitment policies and practice) | Assignment 1 |
|---------|---|---|--------------|
| | | Recruitment methods and their effectiveness | |
| Week 5 | Recruitment, Selection& Placement | Personnel selection and placement (selection process, selection methods standards, types of selection methods) Staff Counseling & Stress Management | lecture |
| Week 6 | Training and Developing Programs | Orientation to workplace training Training needs assessment and methods of trainings (management and organizational development) | lecture |
| Week 7 | Training and Developing Programs | Evaluating training and performance Developing and implementing training programs Career development Personnel management | Quiz 2 |
| Week 8 | | revision | |
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Compensating Human Resources | Organizational reward system Base wage and salary system | lecture |

| Week 11 | Compensating | Incentive pay system | |
|----------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| | Human Resources | | |
| | | | |
| Week 12 | Employee Well-Being | Psychological assessment in | |
| | | organizational settings | quiz |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Week 13 | Employee Well-Being | Employee benefits | |
| | | | lecture |
| | | Employee safety and health | |
| | | | |
| Week 14 | Conflict | Conflict Resolution techniques | |
| | Management styles | Performance appraisal and | Assignment 2 |
| | | evaluation | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Week 15 | Labor Relations | Legal environment and structure | |
| | | of labor unions | lecture |
| | | | |
| | | Unions' organizations and | |
| | | collective bargaining | |
| *** 1.16 | | 7 | |
| Week 16 | | Revision + presentation | |
| Week 17 | | Revision+presentation | |
| Week 18 | | Final Term | |
| VVECK 10 | | rmai term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books

- Bayars, L. L. and Rue, L. W., (2000). *Human resource management*. Boston, MA; Irwin McGraw-Hill.
- Bolander; G., Snell, C. and Sherman, A. (2001). *Managing human resource*. Cincinnati, OH: South Western.
- DeCenzo, D.A., & Robbins, S.P. (2002). *Human resource management*. New York; Wiley
- Raymond, N. A., John, H. R., Barry, G.,&Patrick, W. M. (2003) *Human resource management: Gaining a competitive advantage*.MA: Irwin McGraw-Hill.

Course Details:

Tutor Information:Course Tutor:

Course Title: Gender Psychology

Course Code: PSY4220

Credit Hours: 03 Semester 07

Course Description: This course provides an overview and analysis of psychological research on gender. Emphases include the origins and consequences of gender stereotypes as well as sex differences and similarities in cognition, personality, and social behavior.

Course Objectives:

- To give an introduction to Psychology of gender differences and related research evidence
- To acquaint students with the contemporary gender related debates and issues particularly in the Pakistani context.

Learning Outcomes:

At the successful completion of this course the students will be able to:

- Differentiate facts from myths about gender differences
- Examine and criticize the validity of claims about sex and gender differences in the context of

personality, cognition, mental health, morality, achievement, empathy and aggression

• Contemplate about gender issues faced particularly in the Pakistani context such as abuse, harassment, ownership of property, gender discrimination across different levels

| Course Content | | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Week 1 | Introduction | |
| | Definition of Terms | |
| Week 2 | Cultural Differences in the Construal of Gender | |
| Week 3 | Gender Role Attitude | |
| | Attitudes Toward Men's and Women's Roles | |
| Week 4 | Affective Component: Sexism | |
| | Traditional Versus Modern Sexism | |
| | Hostile Versus Benevolent Sexism | |
| Week 5 | Sexism Toward Men | |
| | Cognitive Component: Gender-Role Stereotyping | |

| Week 6 | What Is a Gender-Role Stereotype? | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| | Components of Gender-Role Stereotypes | |
| | | |
| Week 7 | Subcategories of Gender-Role Stereotypes | |
| | Effects of Gender-Role Stereotypes | |
| | Altering Gender-Role Stereotypes | |
| | Do Stereotypes Reflect Reality? | |
| Week 8 | What Is the Status of Stereotypes Today? | |
| | Behavioral Component: Sex Discrimination | |
| Week 9 | Sex Related Comparisons | |
| | Maccoby and Jacklin's Psychology of Sex Differences | |
| | | |
| Week 10 | Sex Comparisons in Cognitive Abilities | |
| | Spatial Ability | |
| | Mathematical Ability | |
| | Verbal Ability | |
| | Comprehensive Assessment of Cognitive Abilities | |
| Week 11 | Sex Comparisons in Social Domains | |
| | Empathy | |
| | Helping Behavior | |
| | Aggression | |
| | Sexuality | |
| | General Personality Attributes | |
| Week 12 | Sex Comparisons in Moral Development | |
| | Sex Comparisons in Social Development | |
| | Sex Similarities Hypothesis Revisited | |
| Week 13 Theories of Gender Comparison | | |
| | Biology Perspective | |
| | Cognitive Development Theory | |
| | Gender Schema Theory | |
| Week 14 | Psychobiosocial Models | |
| | Evolutionary Theory and Sociobiology | |
| | Psychoanalytic Theory | |
| | | |

| Week 15 | Social Learning Theory | |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| | Gender-Role Socialization | |
| | Social Role Theory | |
| | | |
| Aggoggment detail and Manka Distribution | | |

Assessment detail and Marks Distribution

Mid -term: 25% (Total marks=25)
Final -term: 50% (Total marks=50)
Sessional: 25% (Project = 20, Debate =5)

Recommended Books:

Brannon, L. (2011, 2008, 2005). Gender: Psychological perspectives .USA: Allyn and Bacon.

Brettell, C. B. & Sargent, C. F. (2009).Gender in cross-cultural perspective (5th ed.). New Delhi, India: PHI Learning.

Lindsey, L. L. (2011). Gender roles: A sociological perspective. (5th ed.). New Delhi, India: PHI Learning.

Helgeson, V. S. (2015). The psychology of gender. Psychology Press.

Semester VII Course Code: PSY4222 Crd Hrs: 3

Course Title: Guidance & Counseling

Instructor:

Course Objectives:

The course is aimed at enabling the students to understand and practice psychological guidance & Counseling in a professional way.

Course Contents:

Introduction to Counseling

Definition

The difference between counseling and psychotherapy

Common factors in counseling for helping the clients

Ethical essentials

Variations in Counseling techniques

Psychoanalytic approach to counseling

Brief analytic approach to counseling

Object-relations approach to counseling

Interpersonal approaches to counseling

Individual Psychology: Alfred Adler's approach

Analytical Counseling: Carl Jung's approach

Existential theory and counseling

Person-centered approach of Carl Rogers

Behavioral and Cognitive approaches in counseling

Rational Emotive Behavioral approach of Albert Ellis

Choice Theory and Reality therapy

The multi-model approach of Arnold Lazarus

Books Recommended:

- 1. John, S. F. & Rita, S. F. (2004). *Counseling and psychotherapy: Theories in context and practice*. USA, New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- 2. Windy, D. & Jill, M. (1999). *Four approaches to counseling and psychotherapy*. London: Roultedge.

Week 1-2: Introduction to Counseling

- Definition and meaning of counseling
- Difference between counseling and psychotherapy
- Common factors in counseling for helping clients
- Ethical essentials

Week 3-4: Variations in Counseling Techniques

- Psychoanalytic approach to counseling
- Brief analytic approach to counseling
- Object-relations approach to counseling
- Interpersonal approaches to counseling

Week 5-6: Variations in Counseling Techniques (Continued)

- Individual Psychology: Alfred Adler's approach
- Analytical Counseling: Carl Jung's approach
- Existential theory and counseling

Week 7-8: Person-centered approach of Carl Rogers

- Principles of person-centered counseling
- Techniques and applications

Week 9-10: Behavioral, Cognitive, and REBT Approaches in Counseling

- Behavioral counseling techniques
- Cognitive counseling techniques
- Rational Emotive Behavioral Approach of Albert Ellis

Week 11-12: Choice Theory, Reality Therapy, and Eclectic Approach

- Basic concepts of reality therapy
- Application of reality therapy
- Eclectic approach in counseling

Week 13-14: Multi-Model Approach and Evaluation of Counseling

- The Multi-Model Approach of Arnold Lazarus
- Evaluation of counseling
- Criteria for evaluation

Week 15-16: Career Counseling and Special Topics

- Career counseling and its skills
- Career counseling for individuals and groups
- Overview of additional topics (e.g., human nature, causes of mental issues, mental health counseling)

Course Title: Clinical Psychology-I Course Code: PSY4221

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: VII

Instructor:

Course Objectives

• Toprovidestudentsanopportunitytohavetheoreticalaswellaspracticalknowledgeof Clinical Psychology

- To help students gain an understanding of the diagnostic and assessment procedures in Clinical Psychology
- TohelpstudentsunderstandmodelsandinterventiontechniquesofClinicalPsychology

Course Outcome

At the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Differentiate Clinical Psychology with other fields
- Understand the diagnostic and assessment procedures in Clinical Psychology
- Understand models and intervention techniques used by a Clinical Psychologist

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | |
|--------|--|--|--|
| Week 1 | Introduction of clinical psychology | Definition of Clinical Psychology Aims of Clinical Psychology Nature of Clinical Psychology (Clinical Setting and Activities). Allied fields: Counseling, Health Psychology, Neuropsychology Characteristics of a clinical psychologist | |
| Week 2 | How to Become a Clinical Psychologist | Characteristics of an effective Clinical Psychologist Role & Responsibilities of a Clinical Psychologist Personal values of Clinical Psychologist Professional Ethics | |
| Week 3 | Assessment in Clinical Settings | How to conduct a clinical interview Interviewer's skill and specific behaviors Components of Interview Types of Interview | |

| | | Interview with children Mental status examination: behavior, cognition, mood, effects. | |
|---------|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Week 4 | Psychological testing | Issues related to psychological testing | |
| | | Neuropsychological tests | |
| | | Intelligence testing | |
| | | Diagnostic assessment: Use of tests, scales, and inventories | |
| Week 5 | Research in clinical psychology | SCOPE OF CLINICA PSYCHOLOGY IN PAKISTAN | |
| | | Neighboring Professions | |
| | | Para profession | |
| | | Research Methods | |
| | | Research Design | |
| | | Ethics in clinical psychology | |
| Week 6 | Behavioral therapy | Introduction to Behavior Therapy | |
| | | Clinical applications and demonstration of behavior techniques: | |
| | | Reinforcement, Differential reinforcement, Chaining, Shaping, Prompting and fading, Modeling, Extinction, Punishment, Stimulus control/discrimination and generalization; Token economy; activity schedule/mastery & pleasure/graded task assignment, Relaxation exercise | |
| Week 7 | Relaxation Exercises | Deep breathing,16 PMR | |
| Week 8 | | Role play and assessment (quiz) | |
| Week 9 | Individual | Basic theory, inferiority complex, types of inferiority | |
| | psychology: Alfred | Superiority complex style of life, birth order, stages of | |
| | Adler | therapy, phase of therapy, and counselor techniques. | |
| Week 10 | | Mid term | |
| Week 11 | Psychotherapy | PSYCHOTHERAPY | |
| | | General Issues in Psychotherapy | |
| | | Psychodynamic psychotherapy | |
| | | Interpersonal therapy | |

| W. 1 12 | D 1 41 | DOMONOSTIED A DV | |
|---------|----------------------|--|--|
| Week 13 | Psychotherapy | PSYCHOTHERAPY | |
| | | Behavioral Therapy | |
| | | DIFFERENT TECHNIQUES | |
| | | Techniques based on classical conditioning | |
| | | Relaxation techniques | |
| | | Systematic desensitization | |
| | | Assertive training | |
| | | Modelling | |
| | | Schedules of Reinforcement | |
| | | Token economies | |
| | | Contingency Management | |
| | | Aversion Therapy | |
| | | Biofeedback | |
| | | | |
| Week 14 | The rational emotive | Concept of Irrational Beliefs: ABC model, disputing | |
| | behavior approach by | thoughts: imaginal, behavioral, and cognitive disputing— | |
| | Ellis | the role of a counselor/ Psychologist. | |
| Week 15 | | Concept of Irrational Beliefs: ABC model, disputing | |
| | | thoughts: imaginal, behavioral, and cognitive disputing— | |
| | | the role of a counselor/ Psychologist. | |
| Week 16 | The multi-model | Modalities of stress: behavior, sensation, Affect | |
| | approach of Arnold | Steps of model: Primary Appraisal, secondary | |
| | Lazarus | appraisal, Use Coping Strategies, and SWOT analysis. | |
| Week 17 | Sessional assessment | Role-play, assignments, presentations, practical | |
| | | demonstration of counseling techniques | |
| Week 18 | | Final term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Assessment on social issue of interest

- Presentations
- Assignments
- Role plays on techniques

Recommended Books

Edelstein, M. R. & Steele, D. R. (1997). *Three minute therapy: Change your thinking, changeyourlife*. UK: Sussex Publishers.

Edi, G.M. R. (2010). Clinician's guide to posttraumatic stress disorder. NJ: Wiley.

Edi, J. M. G. (2010). *Handbook of clinical neuropsychology*. UK: Oxford University Press.Edi, N. K. (2010). *Cognitive and behavioral theories inclinical practice*. NY:

TheGuilford

Press.

Ellis, A., & Maclaren, C., (1998). *Rationalemotivebehaviortherapy: Atherapist's guide*. USA: ImpactPublishers.

Ellis, A., &Becker, M.I. (1982). *A guide to personal happiness*. USA: Melvin Powers. Falender, C.A. (2012). *Gettingthemostoutofclinicaltraining and supervision*. Wash ington:

AmericanPsychologicalAssociation.

Goldstein, L.H. (2013). Clinicalneuropsychology (2nded.). UK:WileyBlackwell.

Jongsma, A. E. & Peterson, L. M. (2006). The complete adult psychotherapy treatment planner(PracticePlanners). NJ: Wiley.

Kewley, G. (2011). Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (3rded.). UK: Routledge.

Kramer, G. P., Bernstein, D. A., & Phares, V. (2008). *Introduction to clinical psychology* (7thed.). NY: PrenticeHall.

Miltenberger, R. (1997). *Behavior modification: Principles and procedures*. U.S.A:Brooks/Cole publishingCompany

Shorvon, S. (2010). *Handbookofepilepsytreatment* (3rded.). UK: Wiley-

Blackwell.Sink, C. (2011). Mental health interventions for school counselor.

Australia: Brooks/Cole.Spiegler,M.D.

&Guevremont, D.C. (1998). Contemporary behavior the rapy (3rd ed.).

USA: Brooks/Cole PublishingCompany

Course Title: Educational Technology Course Code: PSY4402

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 7

Instructor:

Course Description: This course introduces students to the dynamic field of educational technology and its essential role in modern education. It provides a comprehensive overview of educational technology, covering its historical development, principles of effective teaching, and various approaches used in instructional design. Students will explore the challenges and opportunities presented by 21st-century education and the integration of technology into teaching and learning.

The course delves into practical aspects, including the selection and utilization of teaching aids such as boards, displays, audio-visual aids, and modern multimedia resources. Students will learn how to plan and execute effective demonstrations, experiments, and programmed instruction.

Additionally, the course explores computer-assisted instruction (CAI) and its applications in today's classrooms, emphasizing the role of technology in enhancing the learning experience. The importance of well-organized and managed field trips in education is also discussed.

Throughout the course, students will engage in discussions, hands-on activities, and practical exercises to develop their skills in using educational technology to create engaging and effective learning environments. By the end of the course, students will have the knowledge and tools needed to apply educational technology principles in various educational contexts.

Course Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Define and describe the scope and historical development of educational technology.
- 2. Differentiate between teaching strategies, methods, and techniques, and apply them effectively in various educational settings.
- 3. Identify and apply the principles and maxims of successful teaching.
- 4. Analyze the challenges and opportunities presented by 21st-century education and technology integration.
- 5. Explain the concepts of pedagogy and andragogy and their relevance in instructional design.
- 6. Implement instructional scaffolding techniques to support learners at various levels.
- 7. Evaluate and select appropriate teaching aids, including projected aids, boards, and displays.

- 8. Utilize audio-visual aids, including tape recorders, radio, television, and modern multimedia resources in education.
- 9. Plan and conduct effective demonstrations, experiments, and programmed instruction.
- 10. Describe the role of computer-assisted instruction (CAI) and its applications in the classroom.
- 11. Organize and manage educational field trips, considering their purpose and types.

Course Contents and Weekly Plan

Week 1: Introduction to Educational Technology

- Definition, Meaning, and Scope of Educational Technology
- Historical Development of Educational Technology
- Types and Branches of Educational Technology
- Teaching Strategy vs. Teaching Method vs. Teaching Techniques

Week 2: Principles of Effective Teaching

- Principles and Maxims of Successful Teaching
- Modern Educational Psychology and Teaching
- Approaches in Educational Technology
- Challenges in 21st Century Education

Week 3: Instructional Technology and Learning

- Understanding Pedagogy and Andragogy
- How Instructional Technology Supports Learning
- The Role of Technology in Modern Learning Environments

Week 4: Phases of Teaching

- Preparation Phase: Planning for Effective Instruction
- Implementation Phase: Delivery and Facilitation
- Evaluation Phase: Assessing Learning Outcomes

Week 5: Instructional Scaffolding

- Definition and Concept of Scaffolding
- Guidelines for Implementing Scaffolding in Teaching

• Scaffolding in Various Educational Contexts

Week 6: Teaching Aids - Projected Aids

- Filmstrips, Overhead Projector, and Opaque Projector
- Visual Aids: Comics, Diagrams, Tables, Graphs, and Models
- Interactive Teaching Aids: Globe, Pictures, Posters

Week 7: Teaching Aids - Boards and Displays

- Chalkboard: Types, Usage, Advantages, and Disadvantages
- Display Board, Bulletin Board, Flannel Board
- Modern Interactive Whiteboards and Their Applications

Week 8: Teaching Aids - Audio-Visual Aids

- Utilizing Tape Recorders for Instruction
- Radio and Its Educational Benefits
- Television in Education: Pros and Cons

Week 9: Activity Aids

- Demonstrations and Their Importance in Teaching
- Effective Planning Steps for Demonstrations
- Experimentation as a Learning Tool

Week 10: Programmed Instruction

- Understanding Programmed Instruction
- Designing Effective Programmed Instruction Materials
- Advantages and Challenges of Programmed Instruction

Week 11: Computer-Assisted Instruction (CAI)

- Role of Computers in Education
- Types of CAI Programs
- Implementing CAI in Modern Classrooms

Week 12: Field Trips in Education

Concepts and Features of Field Trips

- Purpose and Types of Field Trips
- Organizing and Managing Successful Field Trips

Week 13-14: Application and Practical Use

- Case Studies: Real-World Examples of Educational Technology
- Group Projects: Designing Educational Technology Solutions
- Ethical Considerations in Educational Technology

Week 15-16: Final Projects and Course Review

- Final Projects Presentation
- Course Review and Assessment
- Future Trends in Educational Technology

Assessment Plan:

- Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, Presentations): 25%
- Mid-Term Exam: 25%
- Final-Term Exam: 50%

Course Title: Clinical Psychology II Course Code: PSY4224

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 8

Instructor:

Course Objectives

 Toprovidestudentsanopportunitytohavetheoreticalaswellaspracticalknowledgeof Clinical Psychology

- To help students gain an understanding of the diagnostic and assessment procedures in Clinical Psychology
- TohelpstudentsunderstandmodelsandinterventiontechniquesofClinicalPsychology

Course Outcome

At the completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Differentiate Clinical Psychology with other fields
- understandthediagnosticandassessmentproceduresinClinicalPsychology
- understand models and intervention techniques used by a Clinical Psychologist

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Week 1 | Evidence based | Basic Interviewing Skills | |
| | factors contributing to efficacy of | Factors in individual therapy | |
| | Psychotherapy | Factors in group therapy | |
| Week 2 | Diversity and Cultural | Cultural factors in clinical psychology | |
| | Competence | Cultural competence and ethical considerations | |
| | | Addressing diversity in assessment and treatment | |
| Week 3 | | Making therapy culturally relevant in south east Asia and Pakistan | |
| | | Culture specific presentations of psychopathology | |
| | | Case studies with diverse populations | |
| Week 4 | Ethical issues in | APA Code of Conduct | |
| | clinical Practice | Other ethical bodies | |

| Week 5 Week 6 | Evidence-Based Therapies | Way forward in Pakistan Role of clinical psychologist in Pakistan Ethical dilemmas in clinical practice Informed consent and confidentiality Professional boundaries and dual relationships Legal regulations and responsibilities Introduction to evidence-based practice in clinical psychology Overview of empirically supported treatments | |
|---------------|---|---|--|
| Week 7 | Cognitive Behavior therapy and it's modules | CBT, DBT, ACT, | |
| Week 8 | | Mindfulness based approaches, Gratitude | |
| Week 9 | Existential Psychotherapy | Logotherapy by Viktor Frankl | |
| Week 10 | | Mid term | |
| Week 11 | Existential Psychotherapy | Irvin Yalom's theory and concepts, group therapy basics | |
| Week 13 | Gestalt therapy | Introduction to Gestalt Therapy Clinical applications and demonstration of techniques | |
| Week 14 | Trauma Informed treatment modules | Trauma focused CBT, EMDR, MEMI, Salutogenic approaches | |
| Week 15 | Internal Family Systems therapy | Introduction, demonstration, roleplays | |
| Week 16 | Psychotherapy Integration | Integration of various psychotherapy approaches Eclectic and integrative psychotherapy Case studies showcasing the use of multiple therapies | |
| Week 17 | Advanced Topics and Future Directions | Cutting-edge research and trends in clinical psychology Emerging therapies and technologies Preparing for a career in clinical psychology | |
| Week 18 | | Final term | |

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Assessment on social issue of interest

- Presentations
- Assignments
- Role plays on techniques

Recommended Books

Edelstein, M. R. & Steele, D. R. (1997). *Three minute therapy: Change your thinking, changeyourlife*. UK: Sussex Publishers.

Edi, G.M. R. (2010). Clinician's guide to posttraumatic stress disorder. NJ: Wiley.

Edi, J. M. G. (2010). Handbook of clinical neuropsychology. UK: Oxford University

Press.Edi, N. K. (2010). Cognitive and behavioral theories inclinical practice. NY:

TheGuilford

Press.

Ellis, A., & Maclaren, C., (1998). *Rationalemotivebehaviortherapy: Atherapist's guide*. USA: ImpactPublishers.

Ellis, A., &Becker, M.I. (1982). *A guide to personal happiness*. USA: Melvin Powers. Falender, C.A. (2012). *Gettingthemostoutofclinicaltrainingandsupervision*. Wash ington:

AmericanPsychologicalAssociation.

Goldstein, L.H. (2013). *Clinicalneuropsychology* (2nded.). UK:WileyBlackwell.

Jongsma, A. E. & Peterson, L. M. (2006). The complete adult psychotherapy treatment planner (Practice Planners). NJ: Wiley.

Kewley, G. (2011). Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder (3 rded.). UK: Routledge.

Kramer, G. P., Bernstein, D. A., & Phares, V. (2008). *Introduction to clinical psychology* (7thed.). NY: PrenticeHall.

Miltenberger, R. (1997). *Behavior modification: Principles and procedures*. U.S.A:Brooks/Cole publishingCompany

Shorvon, S. (2010). *Handbookofepilepsytreatment* (3rded.). UK: Wiley-

Blackwell.Sink, C. (2011). Mental health interventions for school counselor.

Australia: Brooks/Cole.Spiegler,M.D.

&Guevremont, D.C. (1998). Contemporary behavior therapy (3rd ed.).

Course Title: Forensic Psychology Course Code: PSY4223

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 8

Instructor:

Course Description:

Forensic Psychology is a specialized field that explores the intersection of psychology and the legal system. This course provides students with an in-depth understanding of the history, practices, and ethical considerations of forensic assessment. Students will learn about various types of forensic tests used to assess individuals, including those related to ability, personality, mental health, and risk assessment. The course covers both adult and juvenile forensic assessment, including topics like adjudicative competence, psychopathy, and violence risk assessment. Additionally, students will gain insights into civil forensic assessment, particularly in the context of child custody and disability insurance. Through this course, students will develop the knowledge and skills necessary to work effectively in forensic psychology and the legal system.

Course Learning Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Trace the historical development of forensic assessment and understand its significance in contemporary psychology.
- 2. Describe the training required for forensic assessment professionals and the practical issues they may encounter.
- 3. Analyze the ethical considerations and challenges specific to forensic psychology.
- 4. Demonstrate competence in administering forensic tests while ensuring data confidentiality and protection.
- 5. Apply principles of scaling, standardization, norm-referenced score interpretation, and test theory in forensic assessment.
- 6. Evaluate the reliability, validity, and utility of forensic tests.
- 7. Differentiate between various types of forensic tests and their applications, including ability, personality, and risk assessment.
- 8. Interpret and utilize test results effectively in forensic evaluations.
- 9. Develop feedback discussions based on forensic assessment outcomes.
- 10. Examine the complexities of adult forensic assessment, including issues related to competency, psychopathy, violence risk, and capital sentencing.

- 11. Analyze the unique challenges of juvenile forensic assessment, such as adjudicative competence, psychopathy in adolescents, and risk assessment in juveniles.
- 12. Explore civil forensic assessment in the context of child custody evaluations and disability insurance assessments.

16-Week Course Plan:

Weeks 1-4: Introduction to Forensic Psychology

- History of forensic assessment
- Training and practical issues
- Ethical considerations
- Professional standards in forensic psychology

Weeks 5-8: Test Administration

- Administering forensic tests
- Data confidentiality and protection
- Scaling, standardization, and score interpretation
- Test theory, reliability, and validity

Weeks 9-12: Types of Forensic Tests

- Ability and aptitude assessment
- Measuring personality and personality disorders
- Mental health and risk assessment
- Decision-making regarding the use of forensic tests
- Interpreting and using test results
- Feedback discussions

Weeks 13-16: Specialized Forensic Assessment

- Adult forensic assessment topics
- Juvenile forensic assessment topics
- Civil forensic assessment
- Child custody evaluations
- Disability insurance and social security assessments

Throughout the course, students will engage in discussions, case studies, and practical exercises to enhance their understanding of forensic psychology and assessment practices.

Course Title: Education for Students with Special Needs Course Code: PSY4404

Credit Hours: 3 Semester: 8

Instructor:

Course Description:

"Education for Students with Special Needs" is a comprehensive course that provides educators with the knowledge and skills necessary to effectively teach and support students with a diverse range of special needs. This course covers various categories of special needs, including learning disabilities, higher ability students, hearing impairments, visual impairments, physical impairments, emotional problems, and Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD). Through a combination of theoretical understanding and practical strategies, educators will learn how to create inclusive and supportive learning environments that cater to the unique needs of these students.

Course Learning Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, participants will be able to:

- 1. Define and differentiate various categories of special needs, including learning disabilities, giftedness, hearing impairments, visual impairments, physical impairments, emotional problems, and ADHD.
- 2. Identify the characteristics associated with each category of special needs.
- 3. Explore effective teaching techniques and strategies for students with learning disabilities, gifted students, those with hearing impairments, visual impairments, physical impairments, emotional problems, and ADHD.
- 4. Analyze and apply instructional methods that promote inclusive and supportive learning environments.
- 5. Understand the importance of individualized education plans (IEPs) and how to develop and implement them effectively.
- 6. Recognize the significance of assistive technologies and accommodations for students with special needs.
- 7. Demonstrate an understanding of the legal and ethical considerations related to special education.
- 8. Develop a teaching philosophy that prioritizes inclusivity, diversity, and equity.

16-Week Course Plan:

Weeks 1-2: Introduction to Special Education

- Overview of special needs and disabilities
- Historical and legal perspectives in special education
- Importance of inclusive education

Weeks 3-4: Students with Learning Disabilities

- Characteristics and identification
- Effective teaching techniques and strategies

Weeks 5-6: Students Who Have Higher Ability (Gifted Students)

- Characteristics and identification
- Differentiated instruction for gifted students

Weeks 7-8: Students Who Have Hearing Impairments

- Characteristics and identification
- Teaching techniques and communication strategies

Weeks 9-10: Students Who Have Visual Impairments

- Characteristics and identification
- Teaching techniques, braille, and assistive technologies

Weeks 11-12: Students Who Have Physical Impairments

- Characteristics and identification
- Teaching techniques, accessibility, and adaptive equipment

Weeks 13-14: Students Who Have Emotional Problems

- Characteristics and identification
- Teaching techniques, behavior management, and counseling approaches

Weeks 15-16: Students Who Have ADHD

- Characteristics and identification
- Teaching techniques, classroom accommodations, and support strategies

Assessment Plan:

Assessment methods will include:

- 1. Weekly quizzes and assignments to evaluate understanding of course content.
- 2. Participation in class discussions and group activities.
- 3. Development of individualized education plans (IEPs) for students with various special needs.
- 4. Case studies and practical projects related to teaching strategies.
- 5. A final exam assessing overall knowledge and application of course concepts.

ADDITIONAL OUTLINES

Credit Hours: 03 Semester:

Instructor:

Course Description

One of the foremost reasons cited for teacher burnout is the challenge of classroom management. This comes as little surprise as classrooms are crowded, busy places in which students of diverse backgrounds and learning styles must be organized, directed, and actively involved in learning. Many events need to occur simultaneously, and the course of these events is often unpredictable. Teachers must react often and immediately to evolving problems and needs. Teaching in such settings requires a highly developed ability to manage people, space, time, and activity. A programme of study that aims to prepare prospective teachers must, therefore, equip them with knowledge and strategies for becoming effective classroom managers. In its narrowest sense, classroom management is defined in terms of disciplining and controlling students. However, this course places the goal of student learning at the heart of classroom management. That is, it views the best-managed classrooms as ones in which each learner is effectively engaged in constructing knowledge. To this end, teachers must manage teaching content, plan lessons, develop responsive instructional strategies, differentiate instruction, create predictable structures and routines, and connect learning to the real world outside the classroom. It also views the bestmanaged classrooms as learning communities with shared values of respect and caring. In this course, prospective teachers will be encouraged to explore their own beliefs about teaching and learning to arrive at a philosophy of classroom management that places learning as an ultimate goal. Prospective teachers will be given the chance to explore curricular concerns of what to teach and how to teach it and to view lesson planning as the consequence of these decisions. They will also study research and best practices on differentiation of instruction, classroom structures, routines, procedures, and community building.

Learning Outcomes

After completing this course, Students will be able to:

- Define classroom management as a means to maximizing student learning
- Identify key features of a well-managed classroom
- Plan lessons, activities, and assignments to maximize student learning
- Differentiate instruction according to student needs, interests, and levels
- Design and practice predictable classroom routines and structures to minimize disruptions
- Plan for a culture of caring and community in the classroom.

Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|--|--|-------------------|
| | • | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Learning theories and classroom management | Why a course on classroom management? How does personal philosophy about teaching and learning affect beliefs about classroom management? | |
| Week 2 | | What happens in a well-managed classroom? What are the features of classroom management (e.g. physical environment, social environment)? | |
| Week 3 | | What challenges must teachers negotiate in the management of a classroom? How do classroom discipline and management differ? | |
| Week 4 | | What do I need to think about in designing an effective classroom environment? | |
| Week 5 | Curriculum and classroom management | How can my curriculum support classroom management? | |
| Week 6 | | In what ways can teachers create a plan for teaching and learning that is consistent with their philosophy? | |
| Week 7 | | Planning, motivating, teaching, and assessing the curriculum • Differentiation of instruction | |

| Week 8 | | Multigrade classroomsOvercrowded classrooms | |
|---------|--|--|--|
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Routines, schedules, and time management in diverse classrooms | What are classroom routines and structures? How do they help in the management of classroom time? | |
| Week 11 | | How do you create structures and routines in a multigrade context? How can routines and structures help me deal with special needs and situations? | |
| Week 12 | | How might routines and structures be used to teach specific subject content such as maths, science, or literacy? | |
| Week 13 | | How might routines and structures be used to promote co- operation and collaborative learning? | |
| Week 14 | Creating shared values and community | What is community inside and outside the classroom and school? What is community participation and involvement? | |
| Week 15 | | What routines and structures need to be put in place for community involvement in schools and classrooms? In what ways might community involvement be different in multigrade classroom? | |
| Week 16 | | What are typical practices of community participation? How can I involve the community in my classroom? | |

| Week 17 | How can I create an ethic of care | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | in my classroom? • Diverse | |
| | classrooms as caring, democratic | |
| | communities • Respectful | |
| | relations between teacher and | |
| | students and among students | |
| | How can a caring classroom help | |
| | me build responsible actions and | |
| | personal accountability? What | |
| | happens when behaviour breaks | |
| | down? How do I deal with | |
| | unexpected events? | |
| Week 18 | Final Term | |

Marks Distribution:

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books: As needed

Course Title: School based Interventions Course Code: PSY4405

Credit Hours: 03 Semester:

Instructor:

Course Description

Course Objectives

This course is designed to introduce BS students to the research, theory, and practice of implementing evidence-based interventions in schools to improve the emotional, social, and behavioral functioning of children and adolescents. The course will address theory and research related to behavioral and cognitive behavioral interventions and will expose students to direct and consultation-based common practice elements along with manualized treatments to address internalizing and externalizing behaviors in school-aged children. Students will become acquainted with the growing empirical literature on evidence-based practices in supervision and consultation and developing cultural competence in the implementation of evidence based practices. Implementation issues specific to school settings will be examined.

Learning Outcomes

After successful completion of this course students will be able to Demonstrate:

- 1. Knowledge of theory and mechanisms of CBT interventions delivered in schools to improve the emotional, behavioral, and social functioning of children and youth;
- 2. Knowledge of issues related to identification and selection of evidence-based interventions;
- 3. Skills in delivering manualized interventions and common treatment elements for children and adolescents addressing anxiety, anger/aggression, and depression;
- 4. Skills in evaluating the evidence-based practices and measuring intervention fidelity and adaption of evidence-based interventions for diverse clients in diverse settings

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Course Content and Weekly Schedule

| Week | Topic | Contents | Self- |
|--------|------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | Study/Assignments |
| Week 1 | Introduction and | Why the need for evidence-based | |
| | Course Overview | interventions in schools. | |
| | | Introduction to the course, | |
| | | review syllabus and assignments. | |
| | Introduction to the | History and complexity of | |
| | Evidence-Based | evidence-based intervention | |
| | Intervention | movement, criteria for | |
| | Movement. | designating interventions as | |
| | | evidence-based, access to EBIs, | |
| | | cultural competence. | |
| Week 2 | Common | Theory and mechanisms of | |
| | Elements/Modular | change using a cognitive- | |
| | Treatment Approach. | behavioral and behavioral | |
| | | perspective, manualized | |
| | | treatments vs. common practice | |
| | | elements, case | |
| | | conceptualization/CBT session | |
| | | structure. | |
| Week 3 | Anxiety Part 1: Case | Case conceptualization and | |
| | Conceptualization and | assessment of anxiety in children | |
| | Anxiety Management | and youth. Anxiety common | |
| | Common Elements. | elements (psychoeducation, | |
| | | learning to relax, quick calming). | |
| | | Specifying intervention goals. | |
| Week 4 | Individual Supervision | Planning for intervention and | |
| | Meetings. | presentations. | |
| Week 5 | Anxiety Part 2 | Exposures a Exposures and | |
| | | Student Presentations | |
| Week 6 | Anxiety Part 3 | Manualized Approach to Anxiety | |
| | | Treatment. | |
| Week 7 | Disruptive Behaviors | Assessment, Case | |
| | Part 1 | Conceptualization, and Indirect | |
| | | Interventions. Overview of | |
| | | externalizing disorders, assessing | |

| Week 8 | Disruptive Behaviors Part 2 | disruptive behaviors in children and youth, case conceptualization and common elements (psychoeducation with parents and teachers. Indirect Interventions Continued. Differential attention, effective instructions, effective reward systems). Risk assessment for depression. | |
|---------|--|--|--|
| Week 9 | | Mid Term | |
| Week 10 | Disruptive Behaviors Part 3 | Direct Interventions. DB direct common elements (anger management, problem-solving, perspective taking, attribution retraining). Group management and process. Time to discuss individual cases | |
| Week 11 | Depression | Case conceptualization and assessment of depression using a CBT framework. Common elements for depression (behavioral activation, cognitive coping, cognitive restructuring, presenting a positive self. | |
| Week 12 | Using a Tiered Approach to Delivering Evidence- Based Interventions in Schools | Building strong home school- partnerships, enhancing student behavior by promoting an equity lens in student discipline. | |
| Week 13 | Trauma Interventions in Schools Part 1 | Assessment, Case Conceptualization, and a Common Elements Approach to Intervention. Case conceptualization and assessment of trauma, common elements (psychoeducation, emotional expression, safety behaviors, trauma narrative, cognitive restructuring). | |

| Week 14 | | Methods of Conflict Resolution | |
|---------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| | | | |
| Week 15 | Trauma Interventions | Manualized Interventions. TF | |
| | in Schools Part 2 | CBT, CBITS and Bounceback | |
| | | (Case Application) | |
| Week 16 | Crisis Intervention in | Revisit professional development | |
| | Schools – Evidence- | goals/theoretical orientation | |
| | Informed Models | established during Week 3. Crisis | |
| | | Intervention in Schools – | |
| | | Evidence-Informed Models. | |
| Week 17 | | Revision | |
| Week 18 | Final Term | | |
| | | | |

Marks Distribution:

| Criteria | Marks |
|--|-------|
| Sessional Marks (Assignments, Quizzes, | 25 |
| Presentations) | |
| Mid Term | 25 |
| Final Term | 50 |
| Total Marks | 100 |

Recommended Books: As needed

Course Title: Career Counseling
Credit Hours: 3
Course Code:
Semester:

Instructor:

Course Description:

Career Counselling is a comprehensive course designed to provide students with a profound understanding of career development and the pivotal role of career counsellors. This course delves into the exploration of career development theories, decision-making processes, sources of occupational information, and various career counselling techniques. Ethical and legal considerations in career planning and placement are examined in depth. The course aims to equip students with both theoretical knowledge and practical skills required for effective career counselling across diverse populations in educational and community settings. Topics include ethical issues, historical perspectives, contemporary trends, and the application of career counselling models.

Course Learning Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Define and comprehend key terms and concepts related to career counselling.
- 2. Explore the historical evolution of career counselling and guidance.
- 3. Analyze and apply ethical and legal considerations in career planning and placement.
- 4. Evaluate and differentiate between various theories of career development and decision making.
- 5. Examine sociological, psychological, and social learning theories that underpin career development.
- 6. Utilize cognitive and constructivist theories in career counselling.
- 7. Understand the intricacies of the decision-making process in the context of career choices.
- 8. Identify and access major sources of occupational information.
- 9. Leverage career resources centers and computerized sources for occupational data.
- 10. Harness the power of computer technology and internet resources in career planning and counselling.
- 11. Demonstrate proficiency in conducting career assessment interviews.
- 12. Implement tests and measurements effectively in career counselling, including interest, values, and aptitude assessments.

- 13. Utilize computerized counselling programs for career guidance.
- 14. Develop comprehensive career development programs for educational and community settings, encompassing planning, organization, implementation, administration, and evaluation.
- 15. Recognize and address the unique career counselling needs of diverse populations, including multicultural groups, adults in transition, individuals with disabilities, and LGBTQ+ clients.
- 16. Tailor career counselling strategies for different educational levels, including elementary, middle, high school, and college settings.
- 17. Guide individuals in resume writing, information interviewing, job search strategies, and job interview preparation.

16-Week Course Plan:

Weeks 1-3: Introduction to Career Counselling

- Definition of terms and concepts
- Historical perspectives of career counselling and guidance
- Ethical and legal considerations in career planning and placement

Weeks 4-6: Theories and Techniques of Career Development

- Trait-factor, development, sociological, psychological, and social learning theories
- Cognitive and constructivist theories
- Decision-making processes

Weeks 7-9: Sources of Occupational Information and Technology

- Major sources of information
- Career resource centers and computerized sources
- Internet resources in career planning and counselling
- Use of technology in career counselling

Weeks 10-12: Use of Assessment in Career Counselling

- Career assessment interviews
- Utilization of tests in career counselling
- Measurement of interests, values, and aptitudes

• Computerized counselling programs

Weeks 13-15: Career Development Program Planning

- Planning, organization, implementation, administration, and evaluation
- Specialized career counselling needs of diverse populations
- Career planning and placement in different educational settings

Week 16: Final Review and Evaluation

- Resume writing
- Information interviewing
- Job search strategies
- Job interview preparation

Course Title: Adolescent Behavioral Problems

Course Code: PSY4225

Course Description: This course explores the complexities of adolescent behavioral problems, providing a comprehensive understanding of adolescent development, primary prevention, family and community influences, treatment principles, and evidence-based practices. Students will delve into various disorders and problem behaviors affecting adolescents, gaining insights into assessment, intervention, and prevention strategies.

Course Learning Outcomes: By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Analyze the developmental stages of adolescence and their implications for behavioral problems.
- 2. Evaluate primary prevention strategies and their effectiveness in reducing adolescent behavioral issues.
- 3. Assess the impact of family dynamics and community influences on adolescent development.
- 4. Understand treatment principles and therapeutic approaches for addressing adolescent behavioral problems.
- 5. Identify evidence-based practices and their application in adolescent mental health.
- 6. Examine common disorders in adolescents and develop intervention plans.
- 7. Address specialized disorders and problem behaviors in adolescents.
- 8. Explore advanced topics in adolescent behavioral issues.
- 9. Develop strategies for addressing school-related challenges.
- 10. Critically analyze current research and future directions in the field.

18-Week Course Outline:

Week 1-2: Introduction to Adolescent Development

- Introduction to Adolescence
- Theories of Adolescent Development

Week 3-4: Primary Prevention and Influences

- Primary Prevention Strategies
- Family and Community Influences

Week 5-6: Treatment Principles and Approaches

- Treatment Modalities
- Therapeutic Approaches

Week 7-8: Evidence-Based Practices

- Evidence-Based Interventions
- Measuring Treatment Efficacy

Week 9-10: Common Disorders

Anxiety Disorders and ADHD

Week 11-12: Specialized Disorders and Problem Behaviors

- Eating Disorders, Obesity, and Self-Harm
- Juvenile Delinquency and Substance Abuse

Week 13-14: Advanced Topics and Interventions

- Schizophrenia and PTSD
- Sex Offenders, Incest Offenders, and Gang Behavior

Week 15-16: School-Related Issues and Academic Success

- School Failure and Dropout Prevention
- Supporting Academic Success

Week 17-18: Review and Future Directions

- Review of Key Concepts
- Future Directions in Adolescent Behavioral Problem Research

Assessment:

- 1. Quizzes (5%): Regular quizzes to assess knowledge of key concepts and readings.
- 2. Class Presentation (5%): An individual or group presentation on a chosen topic within the field of adolescent behavioral problems.
- 3. **Group Project (10%)**: Collaborative research and presentation on a specific adolescent behavioral problem.
- 4. Case Studies (5%): Analysis of real-life cases related to adolescent behavioral issues.
- 5. **Midterm Exam (25%)**: A comprehensive exam covering foundational topics.
- 6. **Final Exam (50%)**: A comprehensive final exam covering all course material.

Recommended Books:

Handbook of Adolescent Behavioral Problems: Evidence-Based Approaches to Prevention and Treatment

Course Title: Child and Maternal Mental Health

Course Code: PSY4226

Course Description: This course explores the multifaceted aspects of child and maternal mental health. It delves into the psychological and emotional well-being of children and mothers, addressing various developmental stages, risk factors, and intervention strategies. Students will gain insights into assessing, promoting, and maintaining mental health during pregnancy, infancy, childhood, and adolescence.

Course Learning Outcomes: By the end of this course, students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the importance of child and maternal mental health.
- 2. Identify key factors influencing maternal mental health during pregnancy.
- 3. Analyze the impact of maternal mental health on infant development.
- 4. Explain the various stages of child development.
- 5. Recognize common mental health challenges in childhood and adolescence.
- 6. Assess and apply intervention strategies for child and maternal mental health.
- 7. Evaluate the role of families and communities in promoting mental health.
- 8. Discuss cultural and societal influences on child and maternal mental health.
- 9. Understand the ethical considerations in this field.
- 10. Engage in critical discussions on current issues and research.

Assessment Parameters:

- 1. **Quizzes and Assignments (30%)**: Weekly quizzes and assignments based on readings and lectures.
- 2. **Midterm Exam (20%)**: A comprehensive midterm exam covering foundational concepts.
- 3. Final Exam (30%): A comprehensive final exam covering all course content.
- 4. **Group Project (15%)**: Collaborative group project on a relevant topic.
- 5. Class Participation (5%): Active participation in discussions, case studies, and group activities.

Week-by-Week Course Outline:

Week 1-2: Introduction to Child and Maternal Mental Health

- Importance of Child and Maternal Mental Health
- Overview of Course Content
- Historical Perspectives and Current Trends

Week 3-4: Maternal Mental Health during Pregnancy

- Factors Influencing Maternal Mental Health
- Common Mental Health Challenges During Pregnancy
- Screening and Intervention Strategies

Week 5-6: Impact of Maternal Mental Health on Infants

- Prenatal and Postnatal Bonding
- Infant Development and Attachment
- Early Intervention and Support

Week 7-8: Child Development: Infancy and Early Childhood

- Stages of Child Development
- Parenting and Mental Health
- Infant Mental Health and Well-being

Week 9-10: Child Development: Middle Childhood

- Cognitive and Social Development
- School-Aged Children: Challenges and Resilience
- Assessment and Support

Week 11-12: Child Development: Adolescence

- Physical and Emotional Changes
- Mental Health Challenges in Adolescents
- Adolescence: Identity and Relationships

Week 13-14: Common Mental Health Issues in Childhood and Adolescence

- Anxiety and Mood Disorders
- Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)

- Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD)
- Intervention Approaches

Week 15-16: Family and Community Support

- Role of Families in Child Mental Health
- School-Based Programs
- Community Resources and Networks

Week 17-18: Ethical Considerations and Future Perspectives

- Ethical Considerations in Child and Maternal Mental Health
- Current Research and Future Directions
- Review and Final Exam (Comprehensive)

Recommended Books:

Ehiri, J (Ed.) (2009). Maternal and Child Health: Global Challenges, Programs, and Policies. New York: Springer.

Additional readings as needed.